

INSTITUT
DE LA STATISTIQUE
DU QUÉBEC

20
19

QUÉBEC HANDY NUMBERS

Québec 

La version française de cette brochure s'intitule
Le Québec chiffres en main, édition 2019.

This brochure was compiled and published
by the Institut de la statistique du Québec (ISQ).

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Legal deposit
Bibliothèque et Archives nationales du Québec
Second quarter 2019
ISBN 978-2-550-83954-5 (printed version)
ISBN 978-2-550-83955-2 (online)

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April 2019

FOREWORD

Every year, the Institut de la statistique du Québec publishes *Québec Handy Numbers*, a brochure providing statistical information on Québec in a convenient format.

The 2019 edition presents a wide range of annual data divided into four broad themes: territory, population, living conditions, and the economy and finance. A statistical portrait of Québec's 17 administrative regions rounds out this publication.

Platforms for communicating information are rapidly changing. Despite these changes, the need for summary information gathered in one place is still present. *Québec Handy Numbers* addresses this need by providing the most recent data available at the time it is published. Users can obtain additional, continually updated statistics and information on the Institut's website.

This publication would not have been possible without the contribution of many employees from different Québec and Canadian departments, ministries and agencies. I thank them all warmly for their cooperation.

Daniel Florea

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Florea D." in a cursive style.

Director General

Québec Handy Numbers

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Notes

As a result of the rounding off of some data, the total may not necessarily equal the sum of its parts.

The ISQ creates regional maps using the 2016 *Système sur les découpages administratifs* of the Ministère de l'Énergie et des Ressources naturelles.

Québec Handy Numbers, 2019 Edition contains the most recent data available at the time it was prepared. For updated data, please visit our collaborators' websites.

Sustainable Development Indicators

Indicators adopted by the government to monitor and measure the progress of Québec toward sustainable development. Please refer to the [Sustainable Development Indicators](#) section of the ISQ website to find out more about these indicators. The format may differ.

Symbols

e	Estimated data	..	Data not available
p	Preliminary data	...	Not applicable
r	Revised data	–	Void or zero

Abbreviations

cm	Centimetre	n	Number
d	Day	PPP	Purchasing power parity
FTE	Full time equivalent	s	Second
B	In billions	t	Metric tonne
ha	Hectare	toe	Tonne oil equivalent
inhab.	Inhabitant	t eq. CO ₂	Tonne carbon dioxide equivalent
K	In thousands	wk	Week
kg	Kilogram	yr	Year
km	Kilometre	°C	Degree Celsius
km ²	Square kilometre	µg	Microgram
kWh	Kilowatt-hour	\$	Canadian dollars
M	In millions	US\$	US dollars
m ²	Square metre	%	Percent or percentage
m ³	Cubic metre		
mm	Millimetre		

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We would like to thank all those who played a role, great or small, in the preparation of this brochure, and more particularly our closest collaborators.

GOUVERNEMENT DU QUÉBEC

Institut de la statistique du Québec: Dominique André, Jean-Pierre Barrette, Mario Beaulieu, Caroline Bergeron, Anne Binette Charbonneau, Sophie Brehain, Hélène Camirand, Stéphane Crespo, Jean-François Fortin, Chantal Girard, Marie-Andrée Gravel, Katrina Joubert, Maxime Keith, Stéphane Ladouceur, Danielle Laplante, Louis Madore, Guillaume Marchand, Éric Massicotte, Sacha Mendez-Leblond, Marc Philibert, Brigitte Poussart, Jimmy Quirion, Julie Rabemananjara, Geneviève Renaud, Mario Ringuette, Christine Routhier, Anita Sénéchal, Karine St-Pierre, Bruno Verreault

Ministère de l'Agriculture, des Pêcheries et de l'Alimentation:
Andy Cerqueira

Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Lutte contre les changements climatiques: Daniel Busque, France Delisle, Vicky Leblond, Julie Paradis, Stéphane Nolet, Pierre-Yves St-Louis, Registre des aires protégées

Ministère de l'Éducation et de l'Enseignement supérieur:
Abdellah Alaoui Mhamedi, Kouadio-Antoine N'zue, Richard Royer, Nancy Vézina

Ministère de la Famille: Philippe Pacaut

Ministère des Forêts, de la Faune et des Parcs: Martin Déry

Ministère de l'Immigration, de la Diversité et de l'Inclusion:
Christine Beausoleil, Chakib Benzakour, Elke Laur

Ministère de la Santé et des Services sociaux: Céline Hel, Joanne Reid

Ministère du Tourisme: Luc Boivin, Ghislain Dumas

Ministère des Transports: Saïd Allaf

Ministère du Travail, de l'Emploi et de la Solidarité sociale:
Dave Bergeron, Alexis Labrosse, Bernard Pelletier, Rémi Nadeau

RECYC-QUÉBEC: Francis Vermette

Transition Énergétique Québec: France Bellegarde, Ismaël Cissé

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA

Fisheries and Oceans Canada: Martin Tremblay

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Surface area of

1,667,712 km²

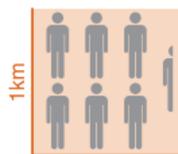
78% (land)

22% (water)

Total population (2018^o)

8,390,499

Population density (2018)



6,5
inhab./km²

SURFACE AREA¹

	Unit	
Total area ²	km ²	1,667,712
Land area	%	78
Water area	%	22

ST. LAWRENCE RIVER³

Length	km	3,260
Tributaries ⁴	n	244
Area of drainage basin	M km ²	1,6
Average annual flow in Québec	m ³ /s	12,600
Share of world's freshwater	%	25

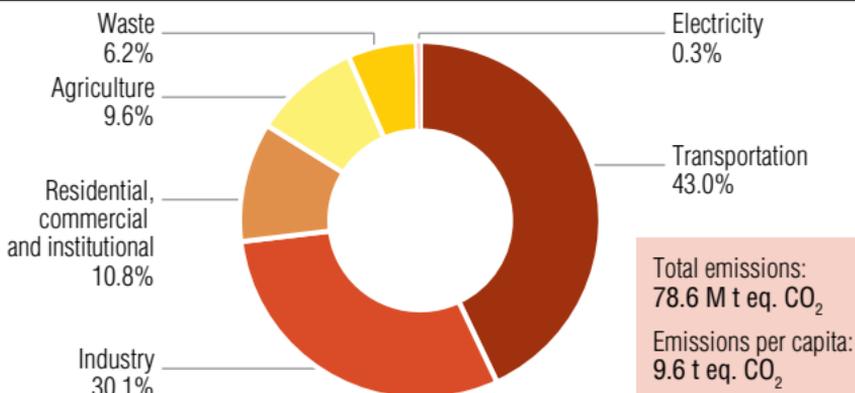
TEMPERATURES AND PRECIPITATION⁵

	Unit	Montréal	Québec	Baie-Comeau	Fermont
Average yearly temperature	°C	6.6	4.6	2.7	-3.0
Average daily temperature in January	°C	-10.1	-12.0	-13.3	-22.1
Average daily temperature in July	°C	21.2	19.3	16.4	13.5
Frost-free days	n	213	192	178	118
Annual rainfall	mm	833	900	787	535
Annual snowfall	cm	172	272	297	291

ENVIRONMENT

	Unit	2011	2018	2019
Proportion of Québec's surface area dedicated to protected areas ⁶ 	%	8.16	9.40	10.03
		2011	2016	2017
Proportion of major rivers in southern Québec with good water quality ⁷ 				
Based on fecal coliforms	%	80	90	79
Based on phosphorus	%	51	69	53
Based on suspended solids	%	33	51	47

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS BY SECTOR, 2016

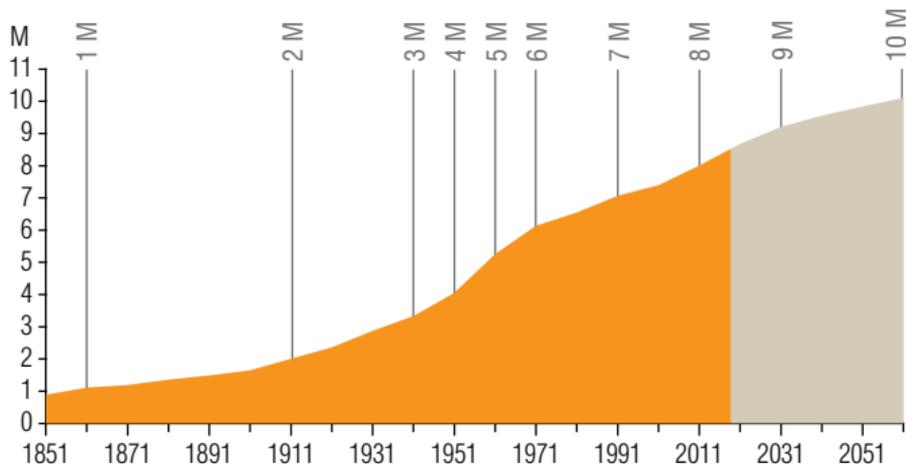


Source: Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Lutte contre les changements climatiques.

	Unit	2006	2014	2015
Residual materials ⁸				
Generated	t/inhab.	1,690
Eliminated	t/inhab.	880	703	685
Recovered	t/inhab.	810

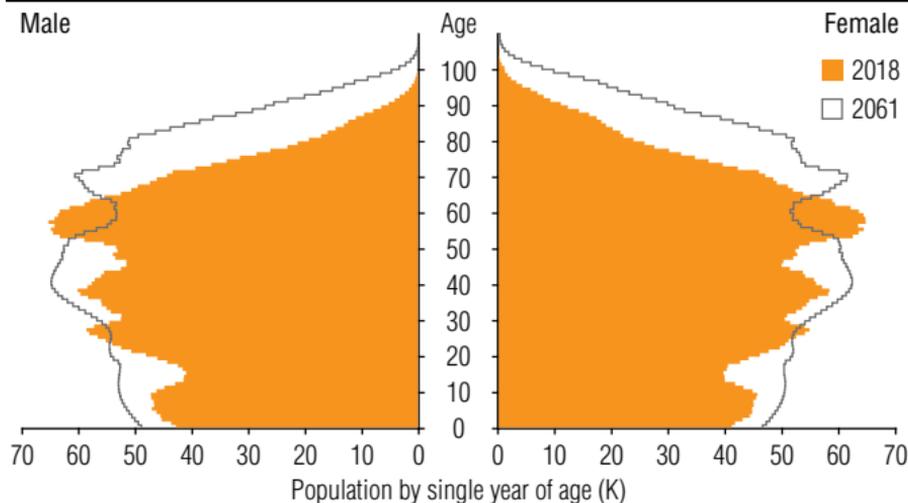
EVOLUTION AND AGE STRUCTURE OF POPULATION

POPULATION OF QUÉBEC, 1851-2011 AND PROJECTED POPULATION, 2021-2061



Sources: Statistics Canada, Censuses and population estimates. Institut de la statistique du Québec, Population projections.

AGE PYRAMID, 2018 AND 2061



Sources: Statistics Canada, Censuses and population estimates. Institut de la statistique du Québec, Population projections.

POPULATION BY AGE GROUP AND SEX, 2018^P

	Unit	Men	Women	Total
Total	n	4,184,622	4,205,877	8,390,499
0-4 years	n	223,796	214,514	438,310
5-9 years	n	234,995	225,502	460,497
10-14 years	n	217,116	209,145	426,261
15-19 years	n	215,730	206,700	422,430
20-24 years	n	260,634	244,711	505,345
25-44 years	n	1,127,174	1,082,514	2,209,688
45-64 years	n	1,179,208	1,169,483	2,348,691
65-74 years	n	444,418	465,284	909,702
75-99 years	n	281,207	386,028	667,235
100 years and over	n	344	1,996	2,340
Median age	yr	41.6	43.5	42.5
Mean age	yr	41.4	43.1	42.3

Source: Statistics Canada, Population estimates as at July 1.

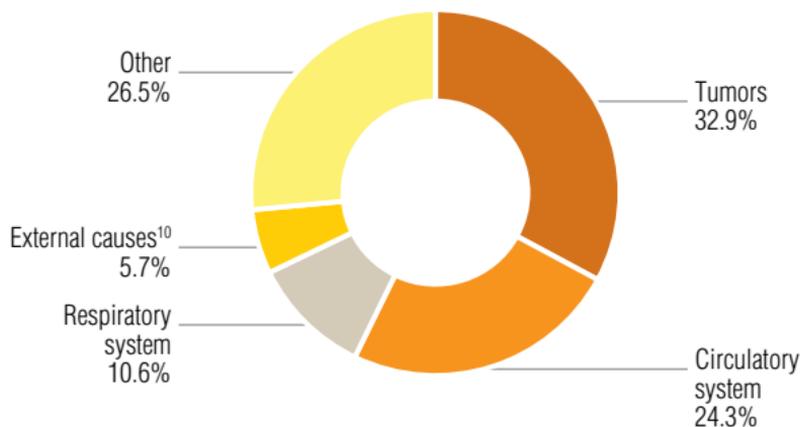
POPULATION CHANGE⁹

	Unit	2011	2016	2017
■ Total growth	n	62,313 ^r	62,152 ^r	85,699 ^p
Natural growth	n	29,079	22,724 ^p	17,600 ^p
Births	n	88,618	86,324	83,900 ^p
Deaths	n	59,539	63,600 ^p	66,300 ^p
Net migration	n	38,225 ^r	33,875 ^r	37,001 ^r
Immigrants	n	51,721 ^r	53,257 ^r	52,407 ^r
Total emigrants	n	7,756 ^r	8,792 ^r	8,900 ^r
Net interprovincial migration	n	-5,740	-10,590 ^r	-6,506 ^r
Change in the number of non-permanent residents	n	4,452 ^r	11,669 ^r	31,098 ^r
Remainder	n	9,443 ^r	6,116 ^r	0 ^p
■ Fertility				
Total fertility rate (children per woman)		1.68	1.59	1.54 ^p
Average age of motherhood	yr	30.1	30.6	30.6 ^p
At birth of first child	yr	28.4	29.1	29.0 ^p
Proportion of births outside marriage	%	63.1	62.7	62.6 ^p



	Unit	2005-2007	2010-2012	2015-2017
■ Mortality				
Life expectancy at birth				
Men	yr	77.9	79.4	80.5 ^p
Women	yr	82.7	83.7	84.4 ^p
		2011	2016	2017
Total deaths per 1,000 people	n	7.4	7.7 ^p	8.0 ^p
Infant deaths per 1,000 live births	n	4.5	4.5 ^p	4.3 ^p

CAUSES OF DEATH, 2015

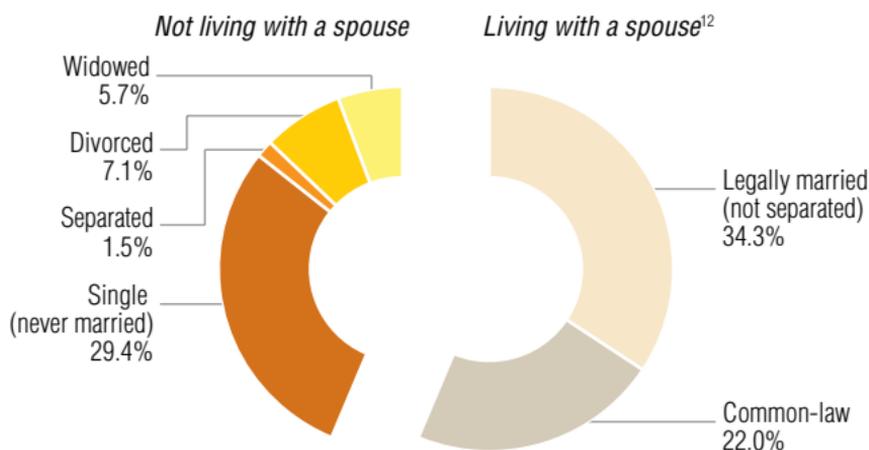


Source: Institut de la statistique du Québec.

NUPTIALITY AND CONJUGAL STATUS

	Unit	2011	2016	2017
■ Nuptiality ⁹				
Marriages	n	22,903	21,958	22,852 ^p
Average age at first marriage				
Men	yr	32.7	33.4	33.4 ^p
Women	yr	31.1	31.9	32.1 ^p

CONJUGAL STATUS¹¹, 2016



Source: Statistics Canada, 2016 Census. Adapted by the Institut de la statistique du Québec.



IMMIGRATION

	Unit	2011	2016 ^p	2017 ^p
Landed immigrants¹³	n	51,738	53,084	52,388
■ Continent of birth				
Africa	n	17,097	14,418	14,405
Algeria	n	4,067	2,680	2,437
America	n	12,122	7,822	6,868
Haiti	n	5,091	2,375	1,931
Asia	n	14,540	21,660	22,750
China	n	4,915	4,546	5,108
Europe	n	7,915	9,086	8,261
France	n	3,235	4,631	4,505
Oceania and other countries	n	64	98	104
■ Category				
Economic class ¹⁴	%	69.8	59.5	57.8
Family class	%	19.4	21.0	23.2
Refugees	%	9.7	17.5	17.5
Other immigrants ¹⁴	%	1.1	2.0	1.6

LANGUAGES

	Unit	Mother tongue ¹⁵	Language spoken most often at home ¹⁵
■ Province of Québec	%	100.0	100.0
French	%	78.0	80.6
English	%	8.1	10.7
Non-official language	%	13.8	8.6
■ Montréal administrative region	%	100.0	100.0
French	%	48.2	53.1
English	%	17.4	25.1
Non-official language	%	34.4	21.7

Source: Statistics Canada, 2016 Census. Adapted by the Institut de la statistique du Québec.

POPULATION OF MUNICIPALITIES

	Unit	2011	2017 ^r	2018 ^p
■ Cities with a population of 100,000 or more¹⁶				
Montréal	n	1,674,853	1,745,802	1,782,844
Québec	n	522,667	538,860	542,706
Laval	n	406,004	428,556	432,858
Gatineau	n	268,652	280,191	282,596
Longueuil	n	234,130	241,753	243,778
Sherbrooke	n	156,508	164,236	166,863
Lévis	n	146,069	146,365	146,519
Saguenay	n	140,080	144,853	146,080
Trois-Rivières	n	132,553	136,092	136,857
Terrebonne	n	107,679	114,193	115,622

DISTRIBUTION OF MUNICIPALITIES AND POPULATION BY MUNICIPALITY SIZE,¹⁷ 2018

Municipality size	Municipalities		Population	
	n	%	n	%
100,000 and over	10	0.8	3,996,723	47.6
50,000 – 99,999	10	0.8	713,342	8.5
10,000 – 49,999	85	6.6	1,841,110	21.9
5,000 – 9,999	79	6.1	557,583	6.6
1,000 – 4,999	469	36.3	1,004,793	12.0
0 – 999	639	49.5	276,948	3.3
Total	1,292	100.0	8,390,499	100.0

Source: Institut de la statistique du Québec, Municipal population estimates as at July 1.



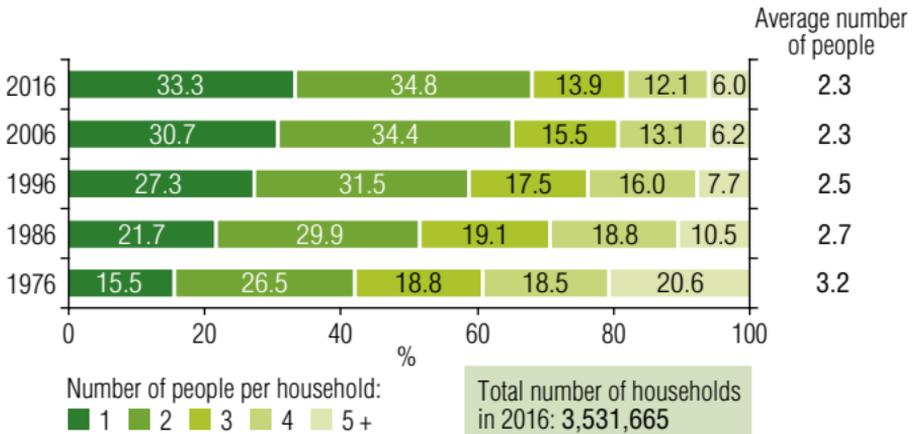
FAMILIES

	Unit	2011	2016	
■ Families¹⁸	n	2,203,625	2,257,560	
Couples without children	%	42.2	43.0	
Couples with children	%	41.2	40.2	
1 child	%	40.6	39.3	
2 children	%	42.1	42.4	
3 or more children	%	17.3	18.3	
Lone-parent	%	16.6	16.8	
1 child	%	62.3	61.8	
2 children	%	28.8	28.9	
3 or more children	%	8.9	9.2	
Female parent	%	76.0	75.1	
Male parent	%	24.0	24.9	
Couple families with children	%	100.0	100.0	
Intact	%	84.3	83.9	
Step	%	15.7	16.1	
Average number of people per family	n	2.83	2.83	
Average number of children per family with children	n	1.73	1.75	
		2011	2016	2017
■ Employed parents¹⁹				
Proportion of two-parent families with children under 6 whose parents ²⁰ are both employed	%	71.7	74.7	77.1
Proportion of lone-parent families with children under 6 whose parent ²⁰ is employed	%	67.6	68.6	73.4

	Unit	2005-2006	2013-2014	2014-2015
Children attending childcare²¹	n	201,502	264,425	269,388
Childcare centre (CPE)	%	38.7	33.6	33.7
Home childcare (recognized by a childcare centre)	%	44.1
Home childcare (recognized by a coordinating office) ²²	%	...	35.6	33.6
Daycare centre ²³	%	17.2	30.8	32.7

HOUSEHOLDS

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS²⁴ BY SIZE, 1976-2016



Sources: Statistics Canada, Population censuses. Adapted by the Institut de la statistique du Québec.

HOUSING

	Unit	2011	2016
Occupied private dwellings²⁵	n	3,395,345	3,531,660
Single-detached house	%	46.0	45.4
Single-attached house ²⁶	%	8.0	8.4
Apartment ²⁶	%	45.3	45.5
Mobile home	%	0.7	0.7



	Unit	2011	2017	2018
Real estate value of housing stock²⁷				
Per capita \$	\$	104,519	134,440 ^f	136,832
Average by type of residential building				
Single-family residence	\$	213,064	266,316 ^f	269,697
Condominium	\$	220,832	264,958	269,114
Building with 2 to 5 units	\$	294,702	373,702 ^f	377,893
Building with 6 or more units	\$	930,993	1,302,440 ^f	1,326,994
Cottage or vacation home	\$	110,912	143,454 ^f	145,340

LAST-RESORT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE²⁸

	Unit	2011	2017	2018
			March	
Recipients	n	483,768	419,431	404,530
Adults	n	371,351	330,665	319,516
Children	n	112,417	88,766	85,014
Households	n	336,420	307,198	297,006
Total benefits paid	\$K	244,579	236,405	242,976
Average benefits paid	\$	727.01	769.55	818.08

HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES

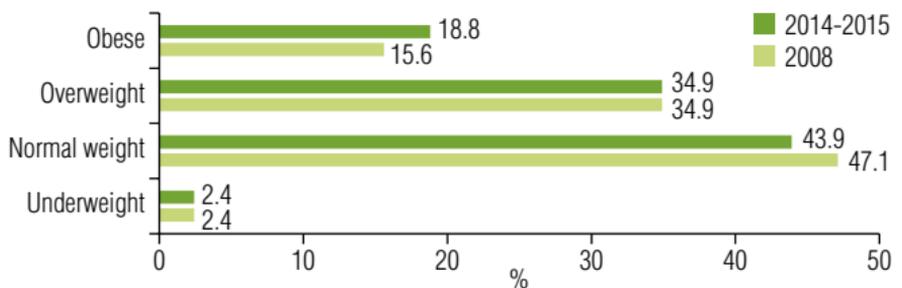
	Unit	2011-2012	2013-2014	2015-2016
Population health indicators				
Proportion of people with at least one chronic condition ^{29,30}				
Population aged 12 and over	%	49.2	47.5	48.7
Men	%	45.4	44.3	44.5
Women	%	53.0	50.6	52.8

	Unit	2011-2012	2013-2014	2015-2016
Proportion of people who consider most of their days to be extremely or quite a bit stressful ³⁰				
Population aged 12 and over	%	27.2	25.9	23.7
Men	%	26.0	24.8	21.5
Women	%	28.3	26.9	25.8

2014-2015

Proportion of people who consumed sugary drinks on a regular basis ^{31,32}				
Population aged 15 and over	%	41.2		
Men	%	52.3		
Women	%	30.3		

DISTRIBUTION OF THE POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER BY WEIGHT CATEGORY,³³ 2008 AND 2014-2015



Source: Institut de la statistique du Québec, *Québec Population Health Survey*, 2008 and 2014-2015.

	Unit	2008	2014-2015
Cigarette smokers among the population aged 15 and over			
Men	%	23.6	19.4
Women	%	25.4	20.7
Cannabis users among the population aged 15 and over ³⁴			
Men	%	21.9	18.2
Women	%	12.2	15.2
Men	%	16.2	19.0
Women	%	8.3	11.5

	Unit	2011	2016	2017
■ Health and social services system³⁵				
Human resources				
Physicians per 1,000 people ³⁶	n	2.19	2.33	2.33
General practitioners per 1,000 people	n	1.04	1.10	1.10
Specialists per 1,000 people	n	1.15	1.23	1.23
Employees in the health and social services network ³⁷	FTE	215,437	221,795	227,346
Nurses, clinical nurses, nurse practitioners	FTE	42,810	46,130	47,088
		2012	2017	2018
Institutional resources				
Set-up beds allotted to health and geriatric care per 1,000 people ³⁸	n	2.14 ^f	1.99 ^f	1.91
Set-up beds allotted to psychiatric care per 1,000 people ³⁸	n	0.40	0.36	0.37
Set-up beds allotted to accommodation and long-term care per 1,000 people ³⁸	n	4.87	4.55	4.59
		2011	2016	2017
Use of services				
Average stay in short-term care ³⁹	d	8.17	7.80	7.59
Medical services ⁴⁰	K	98,281	101,529	109,754
Per capita	n	12.4	12.2	13.1
Reports investigated under the Youth Protection Act per 100 youths aged 17 and under ⁴¹	n	2.16	2.34	2.50
		2012	2017	2018
Accommodation rate for seniors aged 65 and over ⁴²	%	2.7	2.3	2.2

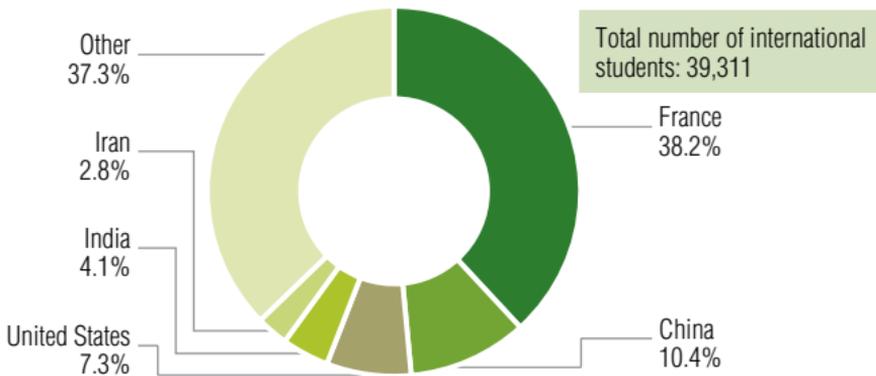
	Unit	2012	2017	2018
Financial resources				
Total health care expenditure ⁴³	\$M	43,498	54,195 ^e	57,033 ^e
Public sector	%	70.1	69.8 ^e	69.5 ^e
Private sector	%	29.9	30.2 ^e	30.5 ^e
Total health care expenditure as a percentage of GDP ⁴³	%	12.3	13.0 ^e	13.2 ^e
Total health care expenditure per capita ⁴³	\$	5,380	6,456 ^e	6,749 ^e
		2010	2015	2016
Percentage of actual net expenditure allotted to programs and services ⁴⁴	%	75.9	78.3	78.2
Home care expenditure	\$M	1,060	1,336	1,392

EDUCATION⁴⁵

	Unit	2010-2011	2015-2016	2016-2017
■ Educational institutions	n	3,233	3,222	3,236
■ School and student population				
Youth general education –				
Elementary ⁴⁶	n	557,031	618,986	635,019
Youth general education –				
Secondary	n	441,051	395,421	397,515
Adult general education	n	197,306	181,822	180,638
Vocational training –				
Youth and adults	n	120,074	130,097	128,812
College	n	218,124	223,257	220,919
Mainstream education	n	184,196	188,772	186,503
Continuing education	n	33,928	34,485	34,416
University ⁴⁷	n	281,929	308,556	309,891
Full-time	n	183,602	206,016	207,043
Part-time	n	98,327	102,540	102,848

	Unit	2010-2011	2015-2016	2016-2017
■ Diplomas granted				
Secondary	n	128,282	129,007	128,468 ^p
General education	n	79,425	71,314	70,940 ^p
Vocational education	n	48,857	57,693	57,528 ^p
		2010	2015	2016
College (Diploma of College Studies) ⁴⁸	n	45,495	48,303	47,478
Pre-university education	n	27,477	26,343	25,585
Technical education	n	17,409	19,782	19,592
Non-program training		609	2,178	2,301
University ⁴⁹	n	46,427	54,022	56,139
Bachelor's degree	n	34,166	38,582	39,577
Master's degree	n	10,620	13,212	14,336
Doctoral degree	n	1,641	2,228	2,226
		2010-2011	2015-2016	2016-2017
■ Educational stages				
Probability of obtaining first secondary school diploma	%	..	100.0	..
Probability of entering college	%	61.7	65.8	67.0
Probability of entering university (at the bachelor level)	%	44.2	46.2	47.1
■ Public network teaching staff				
Elementary and secondary ⁴⁶	FTE	73,545	75,565	78,750
College	n	21,103	21,665	21,448
University ⁵⁰	n	9,629	9,658	9,633
■ Expenditures				
Overall education expenditure per student in the public network				
Elementary and secondary	\$	12,098	12,834	..
College (private and public)	\$	13,652	12,425	..
University	\$	28,545	27,355	27,331

MAIN COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN OF INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY STUDENTS, FALL 2016



Source: Ministère de l'Éducation et de l'Enseignement supérieur.

CULTURE AND COMMUNICATIONS⁵¹

	Unit	2010-2011	2015-2016	2016-2017
Public expenditures on culture				
Québec government expenditures per capita ⁵²	\$..	185.39	197.89
Municipal expenditures per capita	\$	94.47	110.95	115.27
		2011	2016	2017
Cultural consumption				
Paid admissions to performing arts shows	K	6,623.4	7,061.9	7,728.8
Autonomous public library users ⁵³	K	2,639.0	2,605.6 ^p	2,642.5 ^p
Book sales	\$K	703,805.1	604,940.9 ^f	620,382.6
Museum institution admissions ⁵⁴	K	12,280.2	13,268.7	15,459.5
		2011	2017	2018
Digital album and CD sales ⁵⁵	K	9,246.1	4,832.9	4,066.9
Digital track sales ⁵⁵	K	13,817.7	9,640.1	8,155.9
Movie theatre admissions	K	22,251.0	19,520.4	19,084.5 ^p
Box office share of Québec films	%	10.6	13.3	9.2 ^p

	Unit	2010-2011	2016-2017	2017-2018
■ Cultural production				
Film and television productions having received public funding ⁵⁶	n	482	550	573
Total funding for these productions ⁵⁷	\$	992,286,262	835,027,625	895,907,666
Share of total funding from public funding	%	38.1	36.9	34.9

UNIONS

	Unit	2011	2016	2017
■ Unionization rate⁵⁸				
Public sector	%	39.3	38.9	38.6
Private sector	%	81.9	84.0	82.9
Primary sector	%	25.6	23.7	23.4
Secondary sector	%	28.4	37.4	34.4
Construction	%	41.8	39.3	41.0
Manufacturing	%	54.5	53.7	55.3
Tertiary sector	%	36.6	33.9	35.3
Government	%	38.8	38.8	38.1
Other	%	79.7	78.1	77.1
■ Collective agreements in force⁵⁹				
Collective agreements signed ⁶⁰	n	35.2	35.2	34.5
■ Labour disputes triggered during the year⁵⁹				
Labour disputes in progress during the year	n	8,675	8,635	7,968
Workers affected ⁶¹	n	2,979	2,732	1,570
■ Annual change in wage rate^{59,62}				
Public sector	%	1.6	1.4	1.8
Private sector	%	1.2	0.8	1.8
	%	2.4	2.2	2.0

INCOME⁶³

	Unit	2011	2015	2016
■ Individuals earning income				
Total income	\$	36,721	39,161	41,211
Private income	\$	31,241	32,748	34,532
Employment income	\$	26,114	26,891	27,970
Investment income	\$	1,499	1,644	2,053
Retirement income	\$	3,089	3,513	3,805
Other	\$	539	700	705
Transfer income	\$	5,480	6,412	6,679
– Taxes	\$	–6,205	–6,381	–6,920
Disposable income	\$	30,516	32,780	34,291
Under 25 years of age	\$	13,522	14,238	15,123
25-44 years	\$	42,437	44,595	46,789
45-64 years	\$	44,324	46,728	49,445
65 years and over	\$	28,714	32,867	34,028
■ Average employment income of individuals earning income				
	\$	36,739	38,459	40,431
Men	\$	42,515	43,442	46,809
Full-time, year-round	\$	57,370	59,219	62,242
Other	\$	24,233	20,600	22,313
Women	\$	30,231	32,820	33,145
Full-time, year-round	\$	43,073	46,094	46,462
Other	\$	18,253	16,040	18,019
■ Average employment income Average disposable household income				
	\$	56,929	61,061	63,641
One-person households	\$	29,551	31,709	33,106
Two-or-more-person households	\$	70,178	75,713	78,958
Couples without children	\$	60,229	65,653	70,339
Couples with children ⁶⁴	\$	87,966	91,577	95,066
Lone-parent families ⁶⁴	\$	44,160	56,132	53,983
Other households ⁶⁵	\$	70,639	77,805	80,243

	Unit	2011	2015	2016
■ Low income households after tax ⁶⁶	%	15.2	14.6	14.3
One-person households	%	30.0	28.0	27.7
Two-or-more-person households	%	8.0	7.9	7.6
Couples without children	%	5.9*	4.6*	4.6*
Couples with children ⁶⁴	%	5.7*	7.0*	6.5*
Lone-parent families ⁶⁴	%	28.6	25.1*	25.5*
Other households ⁶⁵	%	9.1*	11.0*	9.8

DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY DISPOSABLE INCOME BRACKET, 2016



* Coefficient of variation between 15% and 25%; interpret with caution.

Source: Statistics Canada, *Canadian Income Survey*.

MINIMUM WAGE

	Unit	2011	2016	2017
Minimum wage rate ⁶⁷	\$	9.65	10.75	11.25
■ Employees earning minimum wage ¹⁹	n	199,600	219,600	233,200
As a proportion of the total number of employees	%	5.8	6.1	6.4
Retail trade	%	17.8	17.6	19.5
Accommodation and food services	%	18.8	22.8	22.4
Other sectors	%	2.8	2.7	2.9
Establishments with 1 to 19 employees	%	9.8	10.8	11.0
Establishments with 20 or more employees	%	4.0	4.1	4.5

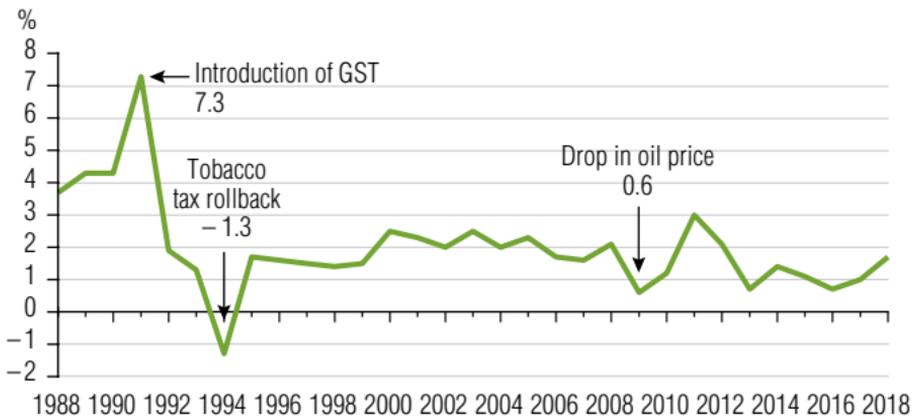
HOUSEHOLD EXPENDITURES

AVERAGE EXPENDITURE PER HOUSEHOLD, 2017

	\$	%
Total expenditure	73,357	100.0
Food	7,788	10.6
Shelter	14,533	19.8
Household operations	4,252	5.8
Household furnishings and equipment	1,890	2.6
Clothing and accessories	2,996	4.1
Transportation	10,231	13.9
Health and personal care	4,096	5.6
Recreation	3,569	4.9
Education, reading materials and other printed matter	1,135	1.5
Tobacco products, alcoholic beverages and games of chance	1,920	2.6
Miscellaneous expenditures	1,558	2.1
Income taxes	13,388	18.3
Personal insurance payments and pension contributions	4,950	6.7
Gifts of money, support payments and charitable contributions	1,049	1.4

Source: Statistics Canada, *Survey of Household Spending, Table 11-10-0222-01 – Household spending, Canada, regions and provinces, December 2018.*

PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN CONSUMER PRICE INDEX, 1988-2018



Sources: Statistics Canada and Institut de la statistique du Québec.

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ECONOMIC ACCOUNTS

	Unité	2016	2017	2018
■ Real gross domestic product at market prices (percentage change)				
GDP at market prices	%	1.4	2.8	2.1
Final consumption expenditure	%	2.8	2.9	2.3
Household	%	2.4	3.2	2.3
General government	%	3.5	2.2	2.4
Gross fixed capital formation	%	-1.4	5.1	3.1
Business	%	1.4	4.7	3.1
General government	%	-10.9	6.8	3.4
Final domestic demand	%	2.0	3.3	2.5
Exports	%	0.4	1.2	3.1
Imports	%	2.1	3.9	3.4
■ Origin of household disposable income (in current dollars)				
Compensation of employees	M\$	214,437	224,499	236,016
<i>plus</i> : Net mixed income	M\$	29,956	31,487	33,271
<i>plus</i> : Net property income	M\$	29,208	30,402	30,055
<i>equals</i> : Primary household income	M\$	273,601	286,389	299,342
<i>plus</i> : Transfers received from general governments and others	\$M	76,074	78,075	79,916
<i>less</i> : Transfers paid to general governments and others	\$M	121,193	125,615	132,019
<i>equals</i> : Household disposable income	\$M	228,482	238,849	247,239
<i>less</i> : Household final consumption expenditure	\$M	233,212	243,053	251,908
<i>plus</i> : Change in pension entitlements	\$M	16,181	17,401	17,869
<i>equals</i> : Personal saving	\$M	11,451	13,196	13,200
Personal saving rate ⁶⁸	%	5.0	5.5	5.3

Sources: Statistics Canada, Provincial and Territorial Economic Accounts.
Institut de la statistique du Québec

**GDP PER CAPITA EXPRESSED IN TERMS OF PURCHASING POWER
PARITY, QUÉBEC AND SELECTED OECD COUNTRIES, 2017**

	US\$ PPP		US\$ PPP
Ireland	76,889	Canada	46,723
Switzerland	66,314	Finland	46,334
Norway	62,182	United Kingdom	44,909
United States	59,774	France	44,032
Netherlands	54,436	Japan	42,086
Denmark	54,337	Italy	40,924
Austria	53,895	New Zealand	40,527
Germany	52,574	Québec	40,156
Australia	52,003	Spain	39,087
Sweden	51,405	Israel	38,886
Belgium	49,512	South Korea	38,839

Sources: Institut de la statistique du Québec, Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, Statistics Canada.

LABOUR MARKET¹⁹

	Unit	2016	2017	2018
Population aged 15 and over	K	6,887.9	6,931.9	6,985.9
■ Participating	K	4,448.3	4,495.7	4,509.5
Men	K	2,338.1	2,364.7	2,365.3
Women	K	2,110.2	2,131.0	2,144.2
15-24 years	K	630.6	610.7	607.9
25-54 years	K	2,936.8	2,963.3	2,951.3
55 years and over	K	880.9	921.7	950.3
■ Employed	K	4,133.1	4,223.3	4,262.2
Men	K	2,148.6	2,213.3	2,225.2
Women	K	1,984.6	2,010.0	2,037.0
15-24 years	K	550.2	547.7	550.1
25-54 years	K	2,759.1	2,806.1	2,813.7
55 years and over	K	823.8	869.5	898.4
Full-time	K	3,344.0	3,409.4	3,470.7
Part-time	K	789.1	813.8	791.5
Employees	K	3,577.9	3,666.3	3,697.2
Public sector	%	24.9	25.4	25.3
Private sector	%	75.1	74.6	74.7
Self-employed workers	K	555.2	556.9	565.0
Without employees ⁶⁹	%	69.2	71.5	70.0
With employees	%	30.8	28.5	30.0
■ Unemployed	K	315.2	272.5	247.3
Men	K	189.6	151.5	140.0
Women	K	125.6	121.0	107.2
Average length of unemployment	wk	21.3	20.0	18.7
■ Unemployment rate	%	7.1	6.1	5.5
Men	%	8.1	6.4	5.9
Women	%	6.0	5.7	5.0

	Unit	2016	2017	2018
15-24 years	%	12.7	10.3	9.5
25-54 years	%	6.1	5.3	4.7
55 years and over	%	6.5	5.7	5.5
Without secondary school diploma	%	14.1	11.1	10.3
Secondary school diploma	%	7.3	5.9	6.2
Post-secondary education	%	6.7	5.8	5.3
University degree	%	4.8	4.6	3.8
■ Employment rate	%	60.0	60.9	61.0
Men	%	63.0	64.5	64.3
Women	%	57.0	57.4	57.8
■ Participation rate ^{SJ}	%	64.6	64.9	64.6
Men	%	68.6	68.9	68.3
Women	%	60.7	60.9	60.8
■ Employment insurance ⁷⁰				
Average number of recipients per month	n	171,938	163,256	..
Average weekly benefits	\$	434.00	440.00	..

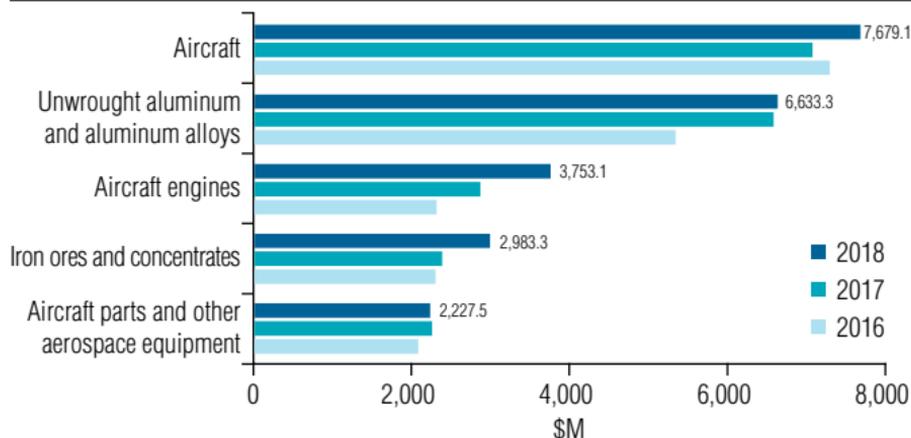
INVESTMENTS⁷¹

	Unit	2017	2018	2019
Capital spending	\$M	37,629.6	39,213.6	41,447.8
■ By industry				
Goods-producing industries	\$M	13,635.2	12,728.4	13,720.9
Manufacturing	%	28.2	29.9	34.9
Service-producing industries	\$M	23,994.4	26,485.3	27,727.0
■ By sector				
Private sector	\$M	18,777.9	18,585.9	20,553.7
Public sector	\$M	18,851.7	20,627.7	20,894.0
■ By type of asset				
Construction	\$M	23,480.1	24,610.2	26,239.0
Machinery and equipment	\$M	14,149.4	14,603.4	15,208.8

INTERNATIONAL TRADE⁷²

	Unit	2016	2017	2018
■ Exports	\$M	80,354.9	85,272.5	92,251.2
Principal destinations				
United States	\$M	57,070.8	60,142.0	64,323.3
China	\$M	3,013.7	2,856.8	3,642.1
Mexico	\$M	1,738.8	1,755.0	2,089.5
France	\$M	1,620.9	1,690.6	1,638.7
Germany	\$M	1,263.5	1,317.3	1,587.6

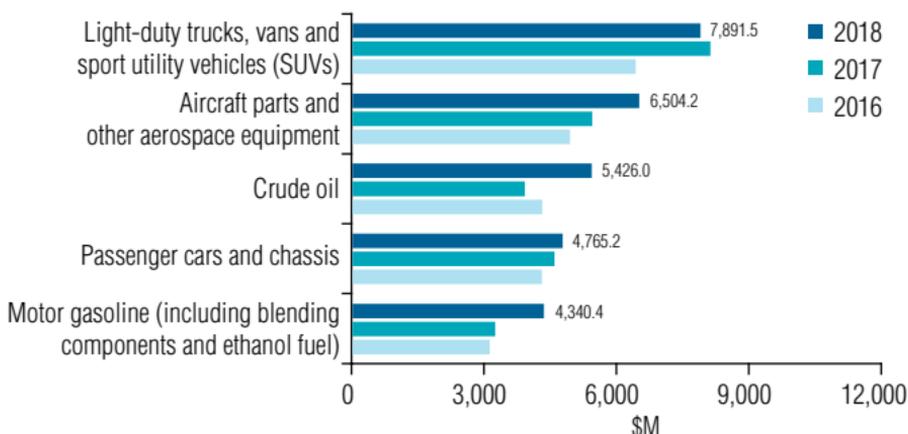
MAJOR EXPORT PRODUCTS, 2016, 2017 AND 2018



Sources: Statistics Canada and Institut de la statistique du Québec.

	Unit	2016	2017	2018
■ Imports	\$M	83,710.7	91,773.7	101,153.6
Principal origins				
United States	\$M	29,746.5	31,660.7	38,112.3
China	\$M	10,734.0	11,718.0	12,568.6
Mexico	\$M	4,046.5	4,755.2	4,974.8
Germany	\$M	4,682.6	4,595.2	4,692.3
United Kingdom	\$M	3,447.0	3,575.9	3,441.3

MAJOR IMPORT PRODUCTS, 2016, 2017 AND 2018



Sources: Statistics Canada and Institut de la statistique du Québec.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY BY SECTOR (NAICS)

	Unit	2016	2017	2018
■ GDP at basic prices (percentage change) ⁷³	%	1.5	2.9	2.1
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	%	5.0	-1.1	-0.6
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	%	-2.2	6.1	-0.1
Utilities	%	0.9	4.5	1.3
Construction	%	1.1	3.9	0.8
Manufacturing	%	0.0	3.5	3.1
Wholesale trade	%	-0.3	4.9	3.3
Retail trade	%	3.8	4.3	1.1
Transportation and warehousing	%	1.9	5.5	2.5
Information and cultural industries §	%	-0.7	-0.4	0.6
Finance and insurance	%	2.6	2.8	1.9
Real estate and rental and leasing	%	2.2	2.5	2.2
Professional, scientific and technical services	%	2.6	4.2	4.8
Management of companies and enterprises	%	1.2	-8.4	-3.0
Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services	%	1.5	1.5	-1.4
Educational services	%	1.1	1.3	2.2
Health care and social assistance	%	1.5	1.8	2.7
Arts, entertainment and recreation §	%	2.2	2.4	1.0
Accommodation and food services	%	3.0	4.7	4.3
Other services (except public administration)	%	1.9	1.1	1.5
Public administration	%	1.5	1.6	2.1

AGRICULTURE⁷⁴

	Unit	2011	2016	2017
Agriculturally-zoned area ^S	K ha	6,307	6,306	6,306
Farmland area	K ha	3,341	3,279	3,267 ^e
Cultivated area	K ha	1,875	1,867	1,865 ^e
Number of farms	n	29,437	28,919	28,815 ^e
Farm cash receipts	\$M	8,001 ^r	8,776 ^r	8,783
Animal production	\$M	4,890 ^r	5,155 ^r	5,348
Cattle	\$M	308 ^r	372 ^r	305
Calves	\$M	197 ^r	228	218
Hogs	\$M	1,308	1,254 ^r	1,365
Hens and chickens	\$M	609	653 ^r	670
Other livestock	\$M	115 ^r	137 ^r	135
Milk	\$M	2,139 ^r	2,247	2,373
Eggs	\$M	146	197	215
Honey	\$M	10	15 ^r	14
Other products	\$M	56	51 ^r	53
Crop production	\$M	2,431 ^r	3,192 ^r	3,084
Grains	\$M	722	740 ^r	746
Ornamental horticulture	\$M	282	276 ^r	284
Maple products	\$M	281 ^r	433	442
Vegetables	\$M	390 ^r	564 ^r	579
Potatoes	\$M	143	153 ^r	172
Fruit	\$M	199 ^r	275 ^r	235
Oilseed and high-protein crops	\$M	327 ^r	625 ^r	486
Forage plants	\$M	82 ^r	110 ^r	124
Other products	\$M	5	16	15
Forest products	\$M	25 ^r	36 ^r	37
Program payments	\$M	656	393	314
Biofood exports	\$M	5,640	8,231 ^r	8,745
Biofood imports	\$M	5,826	7,103 ^r	7,039
Sector balance	\$M	-186	1,128 ^r	1,706

FISHING

	Unit	2011	2016	2017
■ Marine waters⁷⁵				
Licensed fishing vessels	n	1,294	1,219	1,233
License holders	n	1,261	1,291	1,252
Value of landings	\$K	149,270	270,405	387,943
Fish	%	10.4	7.9	5.1
Mollusks and shellfish	%	89.6	92.1	94.9
■ Inshore waters⁷⁶				
License holders	n	80	78	77
Value of landings	\$K	1,602	1,106	1,143
■ Aquaculture⁷⁶				
Aquaculture companies ⁷⁷	n	123	118	111
Estimated value of aquaculture sales	\$K	11,424	11,382	11,742
Freshwater aquaculture ⁷⁸	\$K	10,819	9,498	9,356
Marine aquaculture ⁷⁹	\$K	605	1,884	2,386

FORESTRY⁸⁰

	Unit	2010-2011	2015-2016	2016-2017
Area of intensive forest inventory zone	km ²	591,549	604,210	604,210
Fresh water	km ²	58,302	73,399	73,399
Productive forest land ⁸¹				
Slope of 0% to 40%	km ²	424,115	425,696	425,696
Slope of 41% or more	km ²	11,401	14,703	14,703
Unproductive forest land	km ²	62,838	59,538	59,538
Non forest land ⁸²	km ²	34,894	30,875	30,875
Gross merchantable volume ⁸³	K m ³	3,791,919	2,900,072	3,029,604
Harvested area ⁸⁴	ha	201,380	193,131	..
Volume of wood harvested ⁸⁵	K m ³	26,555	28,256	28,880
Reforested area	ha	83,700	72,200	..

	Unit	2011	2016	2017
Value of shipments and other revenue from logging ⁸⁶	\$M	1,881.7	2,325.7	..

MINING SECTOR⁸⁷

	Unit	2011	2016	2017
■ Investment	\$M	3,923	2,565	3,045
Exploration and deposit appraisal work	\$M	834	297	574
Mine development work	\$M	506	899	741
Capital costs	\$M	2,018	628	1,011
Repair and maintenance	\$M	564	741	719
■ Value of shipments	\$M	8,482	8,098	9,473
Metal commodities	\$M	7,103	6,789	7,920
Gold	\$M	1,302	2,763	2,987
Iron ore - Iron-titanium - Niobium	\$M	4,368	2,544	3,252
Base metals (copper-nickel-zinc)	\$M	1,189	1,195	1,292
Other metals	\$M	244	286	389
Non-metallic commodities	\$M	1,379	1,309	1,554
Building materials	\$M	1,031	959	1,068
Minerals	\$M	142	149	294
Lime and sulfur	\$M	126	126	118
Peat	\$M	79	75 ^f	73

ENERGY⁸⁸

	Unit	2006	2013	2014
■ Total energy consumption	K toe	40,629.5	39,973.0	40,745.5
By type				
Electricity ⁸⁹	%	39.0	37.0	37.9
Petroleum	%	39.2	39.7	37.4
Natural gas	%	11.7	14.8	16.3
Biomass	%	9.1	7.3	7.5
Coal	%	1.0	1.2	0.9

	Unit	2006	2013	2014
By sector				
Industrial	%	41.6	37.4	38.4
Transportation	%	28.8	30.7	29.3
Residential	%	19.1	19.8	20.4
Commercial ⁸⁹	%	10.5	12.0	11.9
■ Electricity generation	M kWh	213,772	239,248	232,282
By type of producers				
Hydro-Québec	%	70.8	74.8	74.8
Private producers ⁹⁰	%	14.6	12.2	12.6
Churchill Falls ⁹¹	%	14.7	13.1	12.6
By source of energy				
Hydraulic ⁹²	%	96.2	97.0	95.9
Fossil fuels ⁹³	%	1.1	0.3	0.4
Biomass	%	0.2	0.7	0.8
Nuclear	%	2.3	0.0	0.0
Wind power	%	0.2	2.0	2.9
■ Electricity consumption ⁹⁴	M kWh	171,581	171,224	179,792
■ Electricity exported	M kWh	14,828	41,663	34,148
To the United States	%	79.0	82.9	65.0
To other Canadian provinces	%	21.0	17.1	35.0
■ Origin of crude petroleum supply				
Americas (including Canada)	%	15.1	19.7	63.1
North Sea	%	38.7	21.7	8.6
Africa, Middle East and other countries	%	46.2	58.7	28.3
■ Balance of trade in the energy sector				
	\$M	-9,949	-12,178	..
Electricity	\$M	814	1,353	1,527
Petroleum ⁹⁵	\$M	-9,084	-12,197	..
Natural gas	\$M	-1,562	-1,244	-1,565
Coal	\$M	-117	-90	-135

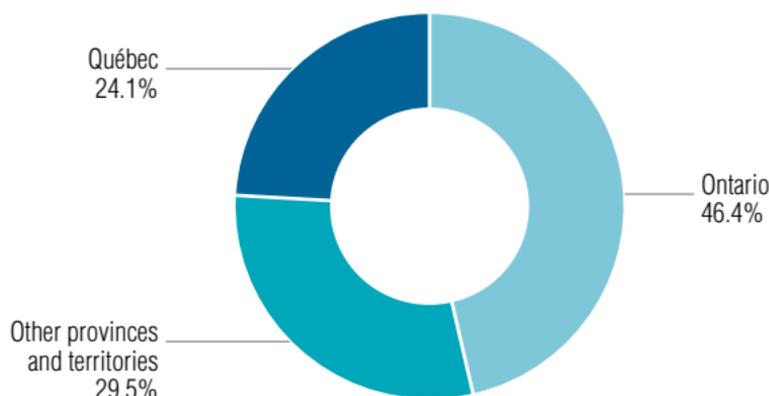
CONSTRUCTION

	Unit	2011	2017	2018
Housing starts ⁹⁶	n	48,387	46,495	46,874
Value of building permits ⁹⁷	\$M	15,489.6	17,058.0	19,940.9
Residential	\$M	10,174.7	10,311.6	11,995.9
Non-residential	\$M	5,314.9	6,746.4	7,945.0

MANUFACTURING SECTOR⁹⁸

	Unit	2014	2016	2017
Share of manufacturing in Québec's GDP ⁹⁹	%	13.8	13.5	13.6
Share of Québec manufacturing in Canada (according to total revenue)	%	23.1	24.0	24.1
Total revenue	\$M	153,201.9	159,323.1	168,966.0
Total expenditures	\$M	140,455.6	143,622.8	152,021.4
Total employment	n	..	426,398	436,612
Total salaries	\$M	20,707.6	22,274.5	23,370.5
Revenue from goods manufactured	\$M	145,053.8	148,014.8	155,913.4

SHARE OF QUÉBEC MANUFACTURING IN CANADA, 2017

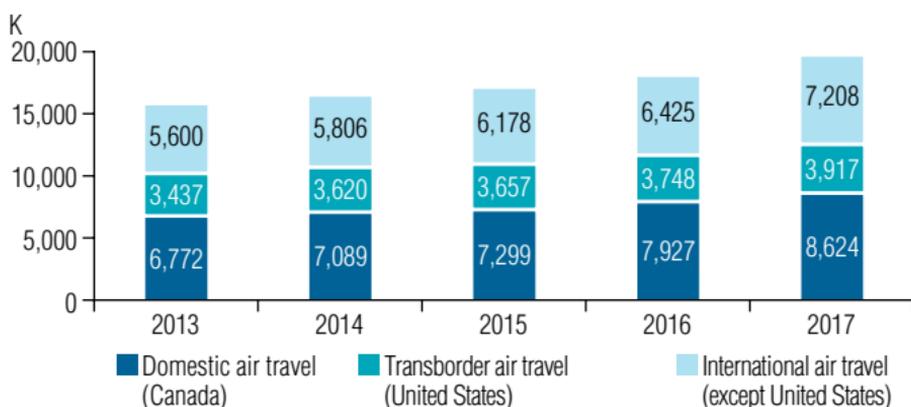


Source: Statistics Canada, *Annual Survey of Manufacturing and Logging Industries*, 2017.
Adapted by the Institut de la statistique du Québec.

TRANSPORTATION¹⁰⁰

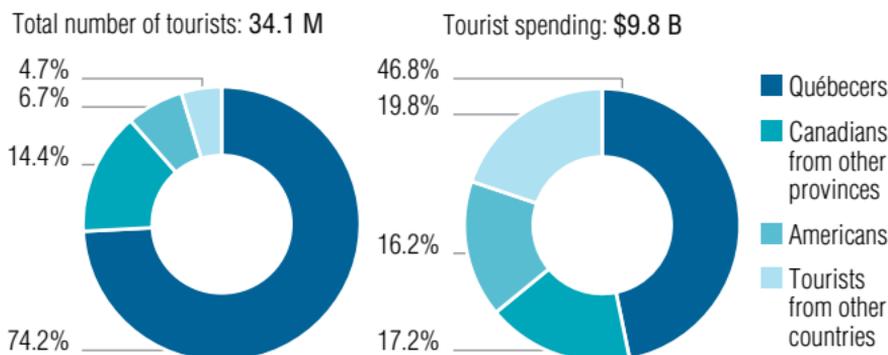
	Unit	2011	2016	2017
Road network ¹⁰¹	km	130,574	139,106	139,618
Vehicles authorized to operate	K	5,985.5	6,416.3	6,552.5
Passenger vehicles	%	75.8	76.1	76.0
Vehicles for institutional, professional or commercial use	%	11.0	10.9	10.9
Vehicles outside the road network	%	12.9	12.9	13.0
Restricted-area use vehicles	%	0.3	0.1	0.1
Public transit vehicles ¹⁰²	n	4,670	4,898	4,910 ^p
Passengers transported ¹⁰³	M	592.4	613.4 ^r	628.7
Owners and operators of heavy-duty vehicles ¹⁰⁴	n	49,938	56,695	56,322
Heavy-duty vehicles > 3,000 kg ¹⁰⁵	n	126,496	141,737	149,294
Railway system ¹⁰⁶	km	6,596	6,304 ^p	6,281 ^p
Rail freight transportation	M t	63.4	59.6 ^r	56.9 ^p
Ferries ¹⁰⁷				
Passengers transported	K	5,499.0	4,908.6	5,323.3
Vehicles transported ¹⁰⁸	K	2,820.2	2,089.9	2,206.2

TOTAL ENPLANED/DEPLANED PASSENGERS IN AIRPORTS, 2013-2017



Source: Statistics Canada, *Table 23-10-0253-01 – Air passenger traffic at Canadian airports, annual, CANSIM*.

TOURISM

TOURISTS¹⁰⁹ AND TOURIST SPENDING, 2017

Sources: Statistics Canada, *Travel Survey of Residents of Canada (TSRC)* and *International Travel Survey (ITS)*.

AVERAGE DURATION OF STAY AND AVERAGE TOURIST SPENDING PER NIGHT,¹⁰⁹ 2017

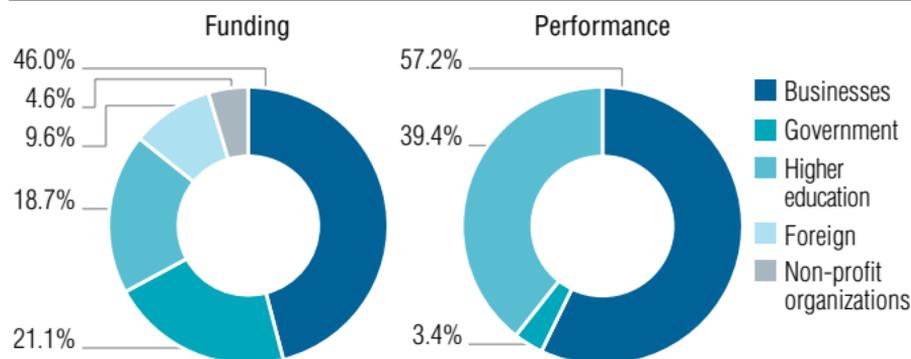
	Average duration of stay	Average spending per night
	d	\$
Québecers	2.5	72
Canadians from other provinces	3.1	110
Americans	4.2	163
Tourists from other countries	12.1	99

Sources: Statistics Canada, *Travel Survey of Residents of Canada (TSRC)* and *International Travel Survey (ITS)*.

	Unit	2011	2016	2017
■ Québec international travel account ¹¹⁰				
Revenues from foreign visitors ¹⁰⁹ to Québec	\$M	2,182	3,246	3,567
Spending by Québec visitors ¹⁰⁹ travelling abroad	\$M	5,313	7,656	8,095
Québec's tourism balance	\$M	-3,131	-4,409	-4,528

SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION

	Unit	2006	2015	2016
Gross domestic expenditure on research and development (GERD) ¹¹¹	\$M	7,904	8,758	8,761
GERD in relation to GDP ¹¹²	%	2.72	2.27	2.21

GERD FUNDING AND PERFORMANCE, 2016


Source: Statistics Canada, Table 358-0001, CANSIM.

	Unit	2015	2016
Total expenditure on industrial R&D ¹¹³	\$M	5,108	5,008
Total personnel in industrial R&D ¹¹³	FTE	48,222	43,508

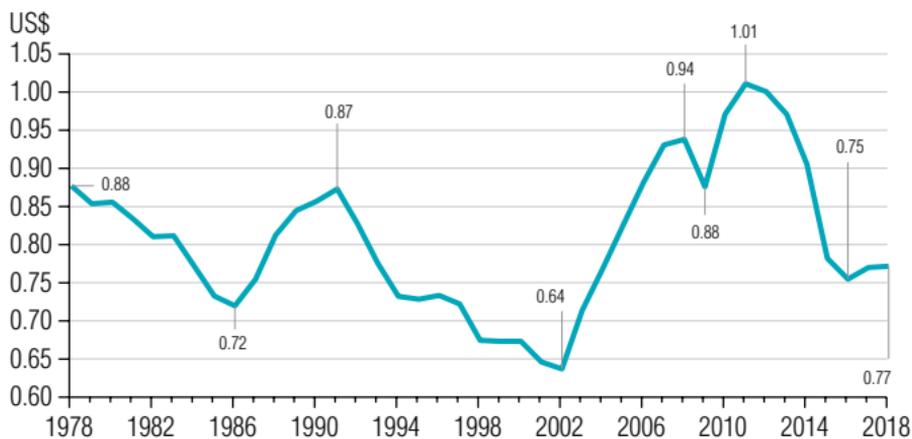
		2011	2017	2018	
Share of high-technology industries in international manufacturing trade ¹¹⁴					
	Exports	%	21.2	22.1	22.8
	Imports	%	21.3	20.2	19.7

FINANCIAL SECTOR¹¹⁵

	Unit	2011	2016	2017
Loans from deposit-taking institutions¹¹⁶	\$M	320,408	444,966 ^f	470,802
Mortgage	\$M	183,399	247,369	260,489
Residential	\$M	172,712	229,536	240,680
Non-residential	\$M	10,687	17,834	19,809
Non-mortgage	\$M	137,008	197,597 ^f	210,313
Personal	\$M	82,610	102,334	107,959
Business	\$M	36,588	73,291 ^f	79,899
Agricultural	\$M	7,724	10,732	10,939
Other	\$M	10,087	11,240	11,515
Investments by individuals¹¹⁷				
Deposit-taking institutions ¹¹⁶				
Deposits and guaranteed investment certificates	\$M	167,252	203,433	212,149
Retail securities brokerage	\$M	175,935	267,245	292,073
Liquidity	\$M	23,157	26,456	27,149
Mutual funds ¹¹⁸	\$M	40,529	69,468	76,035
Exchange-traded funds	\$M	..	12,888	15,537
Bonds	\$M	35,259	27,109	27,233
Shares	\$M	76,206	130,557	145,194
Other	\$M	783	768	926
Mutual funds	\$M	114,365	208,558 ^f	228,765
Money-market and bond	\$M	28,974	51,298 ^f	53,535
Balanced	\$M	37,054	76,984 ^f	86,119
Equity	\$M	43,099	75,520 ^f	83,940
Mortgage	\$M	1,477	636	499
Other	\$M	3,761	4,120 ^f	4,673
Insurance				
Written premiums per capita				
Life and health insurance	\$	1,473 ^f	1,940 ^f	2,034
Property and casualty insurance	\$	1,015 ^f	1,140 ^f	1,191

INTEREST RATES,¹¹⁹ 1994-2018

Sources: Statistics Canada, Tables 10-10-0122-01 and 10-10-0139-01.

CANADIAN DOLLAR AGAINST THE US DOLLAR,¹²⁰ 1978-2018

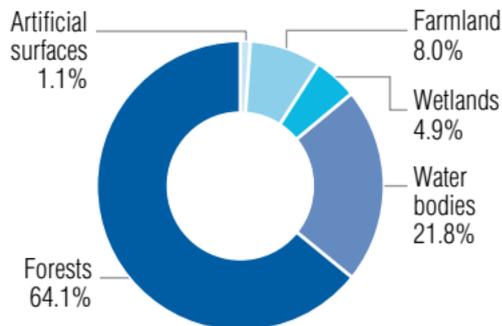
Source: Bank of Canada.



Territorial data

Total area ¹	28,403 km ²
Land area	22,185 km ²
Geographical RCMs ¹²¹	8

Distribution of land cover, 2004



Source: See note 122.

	Unit	Bas-Saint-Laurent	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	197,384	8,390,499
Change (2018/2013)	%	-1.4	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	8.9	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	-132	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	89,835	3,531,660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	26.1	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	0	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36} (2017)	n	2.65	2.33
Highest level of education attained ¹²⁶ (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	18.7	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	60.0	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	21.1	32.7
Participation rate ¹⁹  (2018)	%	57.3	64.6
Employment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	54.3	61.0
Unemployment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	5.4	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	25,203	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	785.9	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	7,031.0	364,589.0

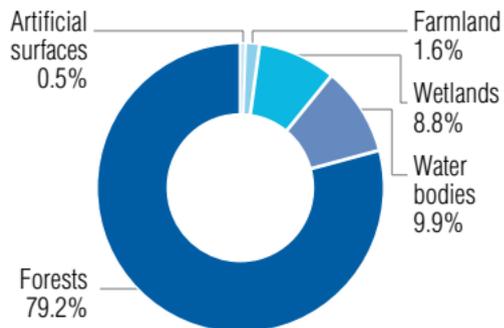




Territorial data

Total area ¹	106,521 km ²
Land area	95,760 km ²
Geographical RCMs ¹²¹	5

Distribution of land cover, 2008



Source: See note 122.

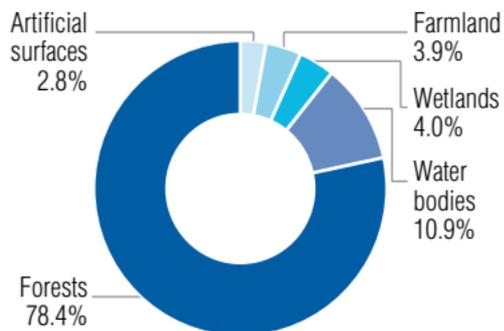
	Unit	Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	277,406	8,390,499
Change (2018/2013)	%	-0.2	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	2.9	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	-554	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	122,795	3,531,660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	33.7	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	0	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36} (2017)	n	2.34	2.33
Highest level of education attained ¹²⁶ (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	13.8	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	66.1	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	20.1	32.7
Participation rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	57.4	64.6
Employment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	53.9	61.0
Unemployment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	6.1	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	25,915	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	1,447.8	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	10,563.8	364,589.0



Territorial data

Total area ¹	20,972 km ²
Land area	18,644 km ²
Geographical RCMs ¹²¹	7

Distribution of land cover, 2002



Source: See note 122.

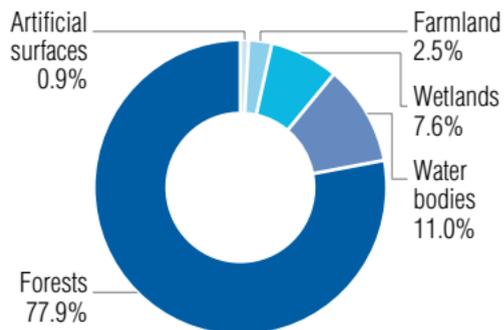
	Unit	Capitale-Nationale	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	745,135	8,390,499
Change (2018/2013)	%	3.4	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	40.0	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	1,521	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	334,265	3,531,660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	49.4	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	1	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36} (2017)	n	2.93	2.33
Highest level of education attained ¹²⁶ (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	7.9	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	54.4	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	37.7	32.7
Participation rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	66.1	64.6
Employment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	63.4	61.0
Unemployment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	4.1	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	28,848	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	3,311.9	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	35,900.2	364,589.0



Territorial data

Total area ¹	39,921 km ²
Land area	35,447 km ²
Geographical RCMs ¹²¹	6

Distribution of land cover, 2008



Source: See note 122.

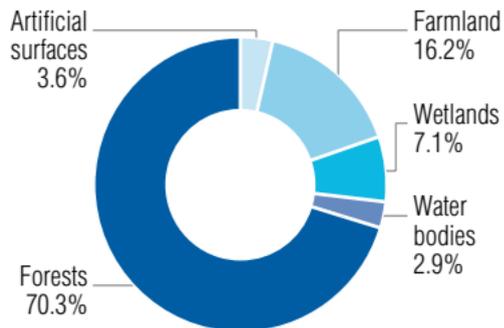
	Unit	Mauricie	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	269,332	8,390,499
Change (2018/2013)	%	1.3	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	7.6	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	868	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	124,610	3,531,660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	38.2	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	5	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36,130} (2017)	n	1.99	2.33
Highest level of education attained ¹²⁶ (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	13.4	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	61.7	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	24.9	32.7
Participation rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	55.6	64.6
Employment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	52.7	61.0
Unemployment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	5.1	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	25,151	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	963.2	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	9,047.0	364,589.0



Territorial data

Total area ¹	10,508 km ²
Land area	10,196 km ²
Geographical RCMs ¹²¹	7

Distribution of land cover, 2007



Source: See note 122.

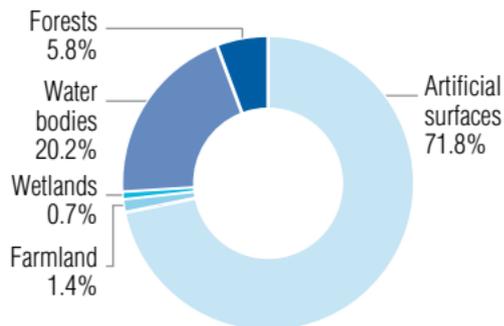
	Unit	Estrie	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	326,476	8,390,499
Change (2018/2013)	%	3.3	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	32.0	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	1,469	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	142,875	3,531,660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	38.5	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	0	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36} (2017)	n	2.53	2.33
Highest level of education attained ¹²⁶ (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	15.1	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	60.6	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	24.4	32.7
Participation rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	61.7	64.6
Employment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	58.8	61.0
Unemployment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	4.7	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	26,105	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	1,177.5	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	11,506.7	364,589.0



Territorial data

Total area ¹	625 km ²
Land area	498 km ²
Geographical RCMs ¹²¹	1

Distribution of land cover, 2007



Source: See note 122.

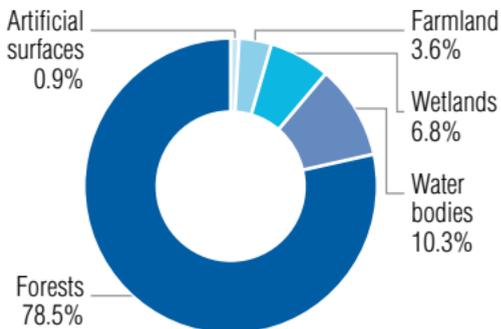
	Unit	Montréal	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	2,029,379	8,390,499
Change (2018/2013)	%	4.7	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	4,073.9	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	-23,663	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	870,370	3,531,660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	80.6	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	7	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36} (2017)	n	3.24	2.33
Highest level of education attained ¹²⁶ (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	8.2	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	43.1	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	48.8	32.7
Participation rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	66.3	64.6
Employment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	61.6	61.0
Unemployment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	7.2	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	28,631	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	12,682.9	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	126,138.5	364,589.0



Territorial data

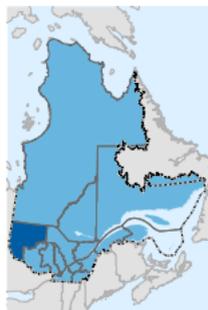
Total area ¹	34,077 km ²
Land area	30,469 km ²
Geographical RCMs ¹²¹	5

Distribution of land cover, 2003



Source: See note 122.

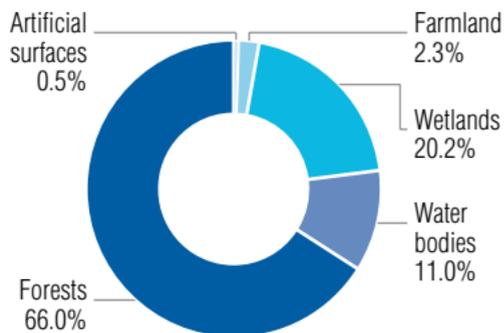
	Unit	Outaouais	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	390,830	8,390,499
Change (2018/2013)	%	3.2	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	12.8	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	951	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	163,140	3,531,660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	31.5	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	0	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36} (2017)	n	1.77	2.33
Highest level of education attained ¹²⁶ (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	13.6	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	54.6	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	31.8	32.7
Participation rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	65.9	64.6
Employment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	62.7	61.0
Unemployment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	4.9	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	26,030	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	1,020.0	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	12,787.4	364,589.0



Territorial data

Total area ¹	64,663 km ²
Land area	57,349 km ²
Geographical RCMs ¹²¹	5

Distribution of land cover, 2005



Source: See note 122.

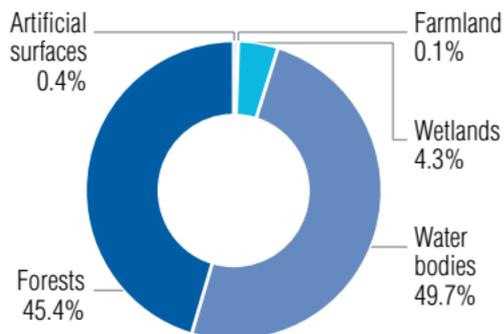
	Unit	Abitibi-Témiscamingue	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	147,508	8,390,499
Change (2018/2013)	%	-0.2	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	2.6	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	-406	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	64,575	3,531,660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	30.9	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	0	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36} (2017)	n	2.44	2.33
Highest level of education attained ¹²⁶ (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	20.8	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	61.7	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	17.5	32.7
Participation rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	66.1	64.6
Employment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	63.6	61.0
Unemployment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	3.8	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	28,114	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	1,509.0	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	7,630.9	364,589.0



Territorial data

Total area ^{1,2}	351,615 km ²
Land area	236,665 km ²
Geographical RCMS ¹²¹	6

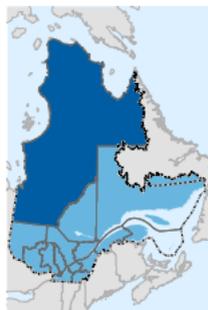
Distribution of land cover, 2013



Source: See note 122.

	Unit	Côte-Nord	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	91,213	8,390,499
Change (2018/2013)	%	-4.7	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	0.4	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	-905	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	39,945	3,531,660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	21.2	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	..	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36} (2017)	n	2.52	2.33
Highest level of education attained ^{126,131} (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	17.0	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	66.9	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	16.3	32.7
Participation rate ^{19,131}  (2018)	%	63.6	64.6
Employment rate ^{19,131} (2018)	%	60.4	61.0
Unemployment rate ^{19,131} (2018)	%	4.9	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	27,417	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	2,040.3	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	6,238.4	364,589.0

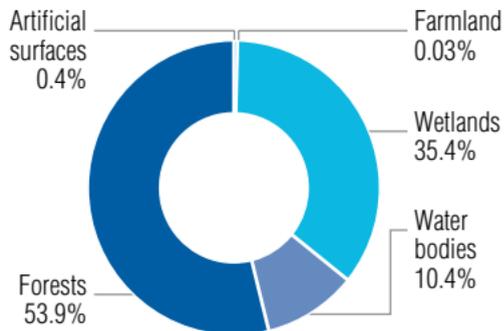




Territorial data

Total area ¹	860,681 km ²
Land area	707,101 km ²
Geographical RCMs ¹²¹	3

Distribution of land cover, 2011



Source: See note 122.

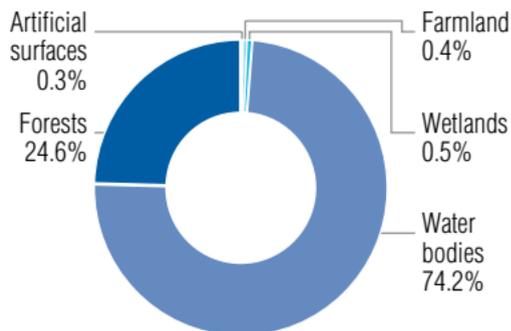
	Unit	Nord-du-Québec	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	45,558	8,390,499
Change (2018/2013)	%	3.9	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	0.1	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	-94	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	16,375	3,531,660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	13.5	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	..	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36} (2017)	n	3.93	2.33
Highest level of education attained ^{126,131} (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	17.0	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	66.9	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	16.3	32.7
Participation rate ^{19,131} (2018)	%	63.6	64.6
Employment rate ^{19,131} (2018)	%	60.4	61.0
Unemployment rate ^{19,131} (2018)	%	4.9	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	25,179	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	1,289.4	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	4,044.7	364,589.0



Territorial data

Total area ¹	78,180 km ²
Land area	20,272 km ²
Geographical RCMs ¹²¹	6

Distribution of land cover, 2004



Source: See note 122.

	Unit	Gaspésie-Îles- de-la-Madeleine	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	90,709	8,390,499
Change (2018/2013)	%	-2.6	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	4.5	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	238	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	40,930	3,531,660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	14.4	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	..	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36} (2017)	n	3.43	2.33
Highest level of education attained ¹²⁶ (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	18.1	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	63.6	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	18.3	32.7
Participation rate ¹⁹  (2018)	%	51.8	64.6
Employment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	45.1	61.0
Unemployment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	12.9	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	25,345	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	416.3	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	3,352.2	364,589.0

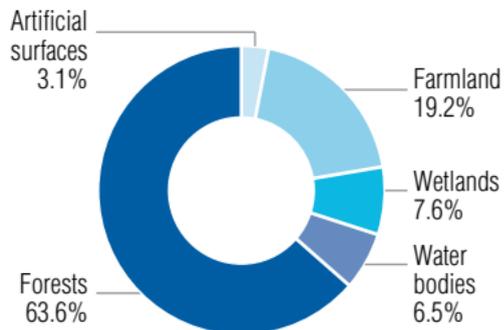
12 CHAUDIÈRE-APPALACHES



Territorial data

Total area ¹	16,131 km ²
Land area	15,074 km ²
Geographical RCMs ¹²¹	10

Distribution of land cover, 2003



Source: See note 122.

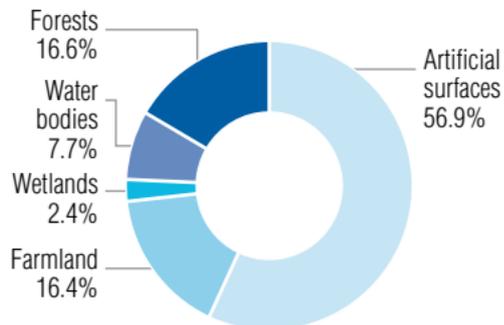
	Unit	Chaudière-Appalaches	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	426,130	8,390,499
Change (2018/2013)	%	2.1	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	28.3	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	974	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	180,845	3,531,660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	24.1	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	0	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36} (2017)	n	1.89	2.33
Highest level of education attained ¹²⁶ (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	14.5	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	64.6	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	20.9	32.7
Participation rate ¹⁹  (2018)	%	64.6	64.6
Employment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	62.5	61.0
Unemployment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	3.3	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	26,865	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	1,389.6	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	16,217.8	364,589.0



Territorial data

Total area ¹	267 km ²
Land area	246 km ²
Geographical RCMs ¹²¹	1

Distribution of land cover, 2007



Source: See note 122.

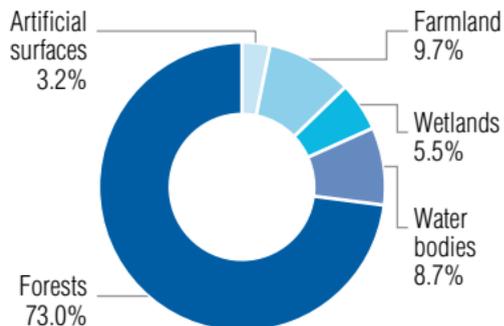
	Unit	Laval	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	432,858	8,390 499
Change (2018/2013)	%	4.0	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	1,758.6	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	267	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	160,325	3,531 660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	38.6	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	7	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36} (2017)	n	1.64	2.33
Highest level of education attained ¹²⁶ (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	8.8	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	59.3	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	32.0	32.7
Participation rate ¹⁹  (2018)	%	68.9	64.6
Employment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	65.3	61.0
Unemployment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	5.3	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	27,334	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	994.7	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	15,048.2	364,589.0



Territorial data

Total area ¹	13,515 km ²
Land area	12,308 km ²
Geographical RCMS ¹²¹	6

Distribution of land cover, 2008



Source: See note 122.

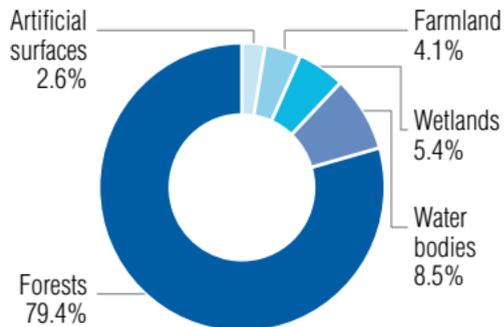
	Unit	Lanaudière	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	507,947	8,390,499
Change (2018/2013)	%	4.2	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	41.3	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	3,381	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	202,140	3,531,660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	25.7	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	8	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36} (2017)	n	1.57	2.33
Highest level of education attained ¹²⁶ (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	14.2	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	66.1	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	19.7	32.7
Participation rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	63.6	64.6
Employment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	59.9	61.0
Unemployment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	5.8	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	26,884	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	1,087.4	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	13,261.6	364,589.0



Territorial data

Total area ¹	22,520 km ²
Land area	20,548 km ²
Geographical RCMs ¹²¹	8

Distribution of land cover, 2005



Source: See note 122.

	Unit	Laurentides	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	611,019	8,390,499
Change (2018/2013)	%	5.7	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	29.7	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	6,294	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	249,080	3,531,660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	30.7	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	0	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36} (2017)	n	1.62	2.33
Highest level of education attained ¹²⁶ (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	13.9	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	59.6	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	26.4	32.7
Participation rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	64.3	64.6
Employment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	60.7	61.0
Unemployment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	5.6	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	28,505	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	1,458.0	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	20,339.6	364,589.0

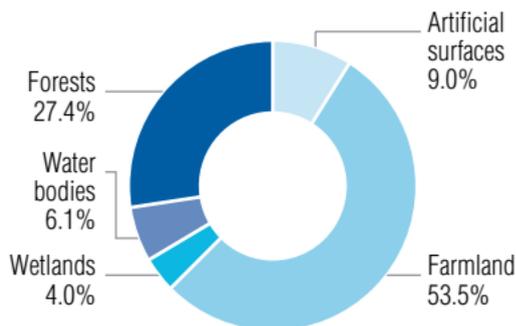




Territorial data

Total area ¹	11,852 km ²
Land area	11,112 km ²
Geographical RCMS ¹²¹	15

Distribution of land cover, 2009



Source: See note 122.

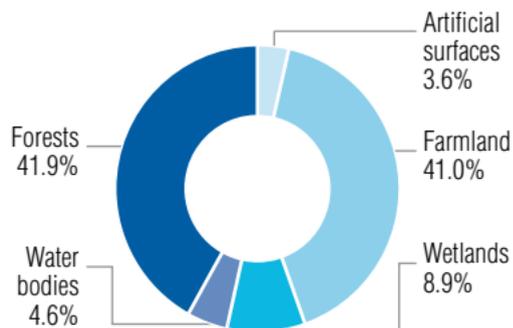
	Unit	Montérégie	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	1,554,282	8,390,499
Change (2018/2013)	%	4.0	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	139.9	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	8,918	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	626,080	3,531,660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	34.8	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	3	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36} (2017)	n	1.67	2.33
Highest level of education attained ¹²⁶ (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	12.7	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	56.5	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	30.8	32.7
Participation rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	65.9	64.6
Employment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	62.9	61.0
Unemployment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	4.5	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	28,738	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	5,238.4	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	56,381.1	364,589.0



Territorial data

Total area ¹	7,262 km ²
Land area	6,921 km ²
Geographical RCMs ¹²¹	5

Distribution of land cover, 2006



Source: See note 122.

	Unit	Centre-du-Québec	Province of Québec
Population ¹²³ (2018)	n	247,333	8,390,499
Change (2018/2013)	%	3.4	3.4
Density (2018)	inhab./km ²	35.7	6.5
Net interregional migration ¹²⁴ (2017-2018)	n	874	...
Private households ^{24,25} (2016)	n	106,180	3,531,660
Share of private households living in apartments ^{25,26} (2016)	%	30.2	45.5
Smog days ¹²⁵ (2017)	n	1	2
Physicians per 1,000 people ^{35,36,130} (2017)	n	1.99	2.33
Highest level of education attained ¹²⁶ (2017)			
No degree, certificate or diploma	%	20.4	12.0
Secondary or non-university postsecondary diploma	%	61.6	55.3
University certificate, diploma or degree	%	18.1	32.7
Participation rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	61.0	64.6
Employment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	57.6	61.0
Unemployment rate ¹⁹ (2018)	%	5.5	5.5
Per capita disposable income ¹²⁷ (2016 ^p)	\$	25,475	27,723
Capital spending ¹²⁸ (2018)	\$M	910.6	37,723.1
GDP at basic prices ¹²⁹ (2016)	\$M	9,099.8	364,589.0

1. Surface areas are estimated based on the *Système sur les découpages administratifs* published by the Ministère de l'Énergie et des Ressources naturelles. Land surface areas are calculated by the Institut de la statistique du Québec using the National Hydro Network distributed by Natural Resources Canada. Surface area calculations were carried out in March 2017 using the Albers Equal Area Conic map projection for the province of Québec.
2. Excluding the Newfoundland part of Labrador, according to the 1927 boundary (not final).
3. Environment and Climate Change Canada. From Lake Superior to the Cabot Strait.
4. Only includes bodies of water located in Québec.
5. Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Lutte contre les changements climatiques, *Climate normals in Québec 1981-2010*.
6. Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Lutte contre les changements climatiques, *Registre des aires protégées*. Calculated as at March 31 of the year shown.
7. Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Lutte contre les changements climatiques.
8. RECYC-QUÉBEC. The residual materials generated is the amount of such materials eliminated by or recovered from the municipal, industrial, commercial, institutional, construction, renovation and demolition sectors. Since 2011, major changes have been made to how residual material management is measured and to how Québec's performance in this area is tracked. See *Bilan 2010-2011 de la gestion des matières résiduelles au Québec* and *Bilan 2012 de la gestion des matières résiduelles au Québec* for more information.
9. Institut de la statistique du Québec (2018), *Le bilan démographique du Québec, Édition 2018*, Québec, L'Institut, 174 p.
10. Examples of external causes include motor vehicle accidents, drowning or suicide.
11. Population aged 15 and over.
12. Persons living as a couple include same-sex spouses. The legal marital status of a person living common-law may be single (never legally married), separated, divorced, or widowed.
13. Ministère de l'Immigration, de la Diversité et de l'Inclusion.
14. The "Economic class" category includes skilled workers and business people. The "Other immigrants" category includes post-determination refugee claimants and humanitarian cases.

15. Multiples responses are distributed equally among the languages reported. Total population except for the residents of one institution – 100% data.
16. Institut de la statistique du Québec, Municipal population estimates as at July 1, according to the geographic boundaries in effect on July 1, 2018.
17. According to the geographic boundaries in effect on July 1, 2018. The data comprise local municipalities, Aboriginal territories and unorganized territories.
18. Statistics Canada, Population Censuses. A census family is composed of a married or common-law couple, with or without children, or of a lone parent living with at least one child in the same dwelling, regardless of the children's age. Children who are living with their spouse or with one or more of their own children are not considered to be members of the census family of their parents, even if they are living in the same dwelling. They are considered as a separate census family. Couples can be of the opposite sex or of the same sex.
19. Statistics Canada, *Labour Force Survey*, 2018. Adapted by the Institut de la statistique du Québec. Population aged 15 and over, excluding those living on Indian reserves, full-time members of the Armed Forces, and those living in institutions.
20. Parents aged 25 to 54.
21. Ministère de la Famille. *Situation des centres de la petite enfance et des garderies au Québec, Analyse des rapports d'activités, 2005-2006; Situation des centres de la petite enfance, des garderies et de la garde en milieu familial au Québec en 2014; and Situation des centres de la petite enfance, des garderies et de la garde en milieu familial au Québec en 2015*. The data are on children attending childcare in March of each year (e.g.: March 2015 for 2014-2015).
22. Since 2006, home childcare providers are no longer under the authority of childcare centres, but under that of coordinating offices (home childcare structure), thus creating a break in the chronological series.
23. This category includes both subsidized and unsubsidized daycare centres.
24. A private household refers to a person or group of persons who occupy the same private dwelling.
25. Statistics Canada, Population Censuses.
26. The "Single-attached house" category is primarily composed of semi-detached houses and row houses. The "Apartment" category includes apartments located in duplexes and in multi-storey buildings, regardless of occupancy.

27. Ministère des Affaires municipales et de l'Habitation, Évaluation foncière des municipalités du Québec and Institut de la statistique du Québec. The non-taxable land value of non-operating property and water bodies in the Municipalité de Baie-James were not taken into account from 2006 to 2013.
28. Ministère du Travail, de l'Emploi et de la Solidarité sociale, *Rapport statistique sur la clientèle des programmes d'assistance sociale*. Benefits paid to households in March of each year under last-resort financial assistance programs (the Social Assistance Program and Social Solidarity Program).
29. Among: asthma, arthritis or osteoarthritis, back pain, hypertension, migraines, diabetes, heart disease, cancer, cerebrovascular accident.
30. Statistics Canada, *Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS)*, 2015-2016, share files. Adapted by the Institut de la statistique du Québec. Note: Given the changes made when the CCHS was redesigned in 2015-2016, any comparisons between these estimates and those produced before the redesign should be avoided.
31. Soft drinks, fruit drinks, sports drinks and energy drinks.
32. Institut de la statistique du Québec, *Québec Population Health Survey*, 2008 and 2014-2015.
33. These categories are defined according to body mass index (kg/m²): underweight (< 18.5), normal weight (18.5 to 24.9), overweight (25.0 to 29.9) and obese (> 30.0). The thresholds used for youth 15 to 17 years old are slightly different and take into consideration their age and sex.
34. Those who used cannabis from "less than once a month" to "every day" in the 12 months preceding the survey.
35. Ministère de la Santé et des Services sociaux, Direction générale adjointe de l'information de gestion et de la performance. Population data are produced by the Institut de la statistique du Québec (2011-2036 projections were produced in November 2014). The geographic boundaries are those in effect in April 2017.
36. The distribution of the number of health professionals by health region is established by the Régie de l'assurance maladie du Québec (Table SM.18). Data are for the calendar year shown.
37. Database on managers and employees in the health and social services network. The calculated values are for the 12-month period starting on April 1 of the year shown.

38. *Rapport statistique annuel des centres hospitaliers et des centres d'hébergement et de soins de longue durée et d'activités en CLSC* (AS478). Set-up beds are beds that, on March 31 of the year shown, are staffed and ready to be used in under-agreement public and private institutions in the health network. Beginning with the 2017-2018 fiscal year, beds in intensive functional rehabilitation units (URFIs) in hospitals are distinguished from those in CHSLDs and are included in the respective totals for set-up beds on March 31, 2018. For previous years, it was impossible to distinguish URFI from CHSLD beds, therefore all URFI beds were included in the number of hospital beds.
39. MED-ÉCHO periodic statistical reports: *S04 – Sommaire des départs et des jours d'hospitalisation selon le groupe d'âge et le sexe* and *S11 – Départs et séjour des usagers de soins de longue durée occupant un lit de courte durée, par région de traitement*. Long-term care hospitalizations in short-term beds are included, but the number of days in long-term care were subtracted from the total stay, for the 12-month period starting on April 1 of the year shown.
40. Régie de l'assurance maladie du Québec (Table SM.03). Number of medical services rendered by physicians paid under the Québec Health Insurance Plan (all compensation methods), excluding services paid to physicians practising outside Québec and physicians practising under the laws administered by the Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail. Data are for the calendar year shown.
41. *Rapport statistique annuel des centres jeunesse – Général* (AS-480). Reports investigated in the 12-month period starting on April 1 of the year shown; data for the regions of Nunavik (17) and Terres-Cries-de-la-Baie-James (18) are excluded.
42. *Rapport statistique annuel des centres hospitaliers et des centres d'hébergement et de soins de longue durée et d'activités en CLSC* (AS-478). Those residing, on March 31 of the year shown, in under-agreement public and private CHSLDs holding a permit from the Ministère.
43. Canadian Institute for Health Information, *National Health Expenditure Trends, 1975 to 2018: Series B data tables*. Includes the "health" component and excludes the "social services" component.
44. *Contours financiers*. Data are compiled based on annual financial reports and include administrative and operating expenses, as well as subsidies granted to community organizations providing home care services. They exclude tax credits to users who purchase home care services and sums paid to social economy enterprises. Data are for the 12-month period starting on April 1 of the year shown.
45. Ministère de l'Éducation et de l'Enseignement supérieur.
46. Including preschool.

47. Fall term. Excluding auditors, postgraduate trainees and visiting students.
48. College diplomas and university degrees are tallied by calendar year. At the college level, only DEC's are counted.
49. Only those holding a bachelor's, master's or doctoral degree.
50. Bureau de coopération interuniversitaire, Sysper System. Full-time regular teaching staff only.
51. Institut de la statistique du Québec, Observatoire de la culture et des communications du Québec.
52. The Québec government's expenditures on culture include internal, external and tax expenditures.
53. Registered users of autonomous public libraries, libraries affiliated with the Réseau BIBLIO, and the Grande Bibliothèque (BAnQ).
54. Museum institutions comprise museums, interpretation sites and exhibition centres. Excludes extramural attendance, meaning admissions to activities presented by museum institutions in a place not located on their property.
55. Data provided by Nielsen SoundScan Inc. and compiled by the Observatoire de la culture et des communications du Québec.
56. Société de développement des entreprises culturelles. These are productions that qualify for the Programme québécois de crédit d'impôt.
57. Total funding includes public funding and funding from other sources.
58. Statistics Canada, compilation by the Ministère du Travail, de l'Emploi et de la Solidarité sociale, based on the *Labour Force Survey, 2017*, Table 282-0078, CANSIM, excluding the agricultural sector.
59. In 2017, due to certification mergers in the health and social services network and the fact that applications for these new agreement certifications had not yet been filed, the statistics are incomplete for the collective agreements in effect.
60. The higher number of agreements signed in 2011 and 2016 is due to the renewal of collective agreements in the public and parapublic sectors.
61. The higher number of workers affected in 2017 is due in part to strikes in the construction sector.

62. The reference group is composed of the bargaining units whose collective agreements apply to at least 100 blue-collar workers (e.g.: labourers) or at least 50 white-collar workers (e.g.: office employees).
63. Statistics Canada, *Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics* (2011) and *Canadian Income Survey* (2015 and 2016). Data for 2015 and 2016 are not directly comparable to those for 2011 because of the survey change. Individuals earning income are those who report earnings or another source of income.
64. Single-family households with at least once child under the age of 18.
65. This category comprises households made up of other types of families (e.g.: families whose members include relatives or whose children are all at least 18 years old), households where two or more families share the same dwelling, and households comprising at least two unrelated people.
66. Based on the low-income measure after tax, which corresponds to 50% of median after-tax income adjusted to the square root of household size. The calculation of median income is based on the entire Québec population, with each individual being allocated their household's adjusted income.
67. Commission des normes de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité au travail. Minimum wage on May 1 for 2011, 2016 and 2017.
68. As a percentage of personal disposable income.
69. Including unpaid family workers.
70. Statistics Canada, Table 14-10-009-01 (formerly: CANSIM 276-0020). Human Resources and Skills Development, *Monitoring and Assessment Report*. Regular and special benefits are taken into account. Data are calculated for the 12-month period ending on March 31 of the year shown.
71. 2010-2017: actual; 2018: preliminary; 2019: intentions. Statistics Canada, *Annual Capital and Repair Expenditures Survey* and *Residential Construction Investment*. Adapted by the Institut de la statistique du Québec.
72. Statistics Canada and Institut de la statistique du Québec.
73. Statistics Canada. Gross domestic product (GDP) at basic prices is determined using a value-added approach and is expressed in chained 2012 dollars.
74. Institut de la statistique du Québec; Ministère de l'Agriculture, des Pêcheries et de l'Alimentation; Commission de protection du territoire agricole du Québec and Statistics Canada.
75. Fisheries and Oceans Canada.

76. Ministère de l'Agriculture, des Pêcheries et de l'Alimentation.
77. Freshwater aquaculture, marine aquaculture and saltwater research license holders.
78. Includes fish stocking, the human consumption market and sales via fishing ponds.
79. Excluding sea urchins.
80. Ministère des Forêts, de la Faune et des Parcs, *Ressources et industries forestières – Portrait statistique*.
81. Area with a 120-year forest management horizon, in line with the principle of sustained yield.
82. Including all land used for human activity other than forestry: roads, rights-of-way for energy transport lines, etc.
83. In accessible productive forests (slope less than 41%).
84. Excludes harvested areas not documented by private forest assistance programs.
85. Excludes harvested volumes not documented by private forest assistance programs.
86. Statistics Canada, *Annual Survey of Manufactures and Logging*.
87. Institut de la statistique du Québec, *Annual Census on Mining Investment and Annual Census on Mineral Production*.
88. Ministère de l'Énergie et des Ressources naturelles.
89. Statistics Canada revised electricity consumption data for the commercial and institutional sector obtained from electric companies in 2012.
90. Including municipalities.
91. Electricity available under a long-term contract between Hydro-Québec and Churchill Falls (Labrador) Corporation Limited.
92. Including electricity generated at Churchill Falls.
93. Fossil fuels include petroleum products and natural gas.
94. Excluding the electricity used by power plants as well as transmission and distribution losses.
95. For each year, the result is equal to the sum of the balance of refined petroleum products and crude oil imports.
96. Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.

97. Statistics Canada, *Table 34-10-0066-01 – Building permits*, February 2019.
98. Statistics Canada, *Annual Survey of Manufacturing and Logging Industries* and Institut de la statistique du Québec.
99. By GDP at basic prices, expressed in chained 2012 dollars.
100. Ministère des Transports, *Rapport annuel de gestion*; Commission des transports du Québec, *Rapport annuel de gestion*; Société de l'assurance automobile du Québec, *Données et statistiques*; Société des traversiers du Québec, *Rapport annuel de gestion*; Statistics Canada, Table 23-10-0253-01. For 2017, most of the data are reported as at March 31, 2018.
101. Includes the provincial road network under the responsibility of the Ministère des Transports (22.2%) as well as local and municipal road networks (77.8%).
102. Buses used by urban, suburban and paratransit public transit agencies.
103. Estimated number of public transit and paratransit trips at the provincial level.
104. Owners and operators of heavy-duty vehicles whose business address is in Québec.
105. Comprises only trucks and road tractors.
106. The distance in kilometres does not include parallel tracks, siding tracks, yard tracks, spur tracks under 5 km long and tracks in industrial and port facilities.
107. Ferries operated by the Société des traversiers du Québec, as well as ferries and maritime services operated in a partnership, for the 12-month period ending on March 31 of the year shown.
108. Starting in 2016-2017, vehicles transported are no longer expressed in automobile equivalent units (AEU), but as a number. Historical data were revised accordingly. In 2017-2018, 97.2% of all vehicles were transported by ferries operated by the Société des traversiers du Québec (STQ).
109. Visitors include both tourists and day trippers. A tourist is a person who took an out-of-town trip of one night or more, but for a duration of under one year and who used commercial or private accommodation. A day tripper is a person who took an out-of-town same-day trip to a destination at least 40 km from home.
110. Statistics Canada, *Travel Survey of Residents of Canada and International Travel Survey*. Special compilation by the Ministère du Tourisme.
111. Statistics Canada, Table 27-10-0273-01, December 2018.
112. Statistics Canada, Table 27-10-0273-01, December 2018 and Table 36-10-0222-01, November 2018.

113. Statistics Canada, Table 27-10-0341-01, August 2018.
114. Statistics Canada and Institut de la statistique du Québec.
115. Institut de la statistique du Québec, Autorité des marchés financiers and Bank of Canada.
116. Excludes trust and mortgage loan companies not affiliated with a deposit-taking institution.
117. Investments by individuals in deposit-taking institutions and retail securities brokerage companies, as well as mutual fund units held in Québec.
118. The mutual funds held by securities brokerage companies are a subset of the total mutual funds held in Québec.
119. Latest available data of the year.
120. Nominal quotations in U.S. dollars (yearly averages).
121. The geographical version of regional county municipalities (RCMs) comprises RCMs in the legal sense, territories equivalent to an RCM, and Aboriginal communities and northern villages located within the limits of an RCM or that constitute equivalent territories, according to the geographic boundaries in effect on December 31, 2018.
122. Institut de la statistique du Québec, using maps and ecoforestry data from the Ministère des Forêts, de la Faune et des Parcs, May 2016; Ministère de l'Énergie et des Ressources naturelles, Système sur les découpages administratifs, June 2017. For more information, see the publication *Comptes des terres du Québec méridional*.
123. Statistics Canada, Population estimates as at July 1.
124. Institut de la statistique du Québec, using data from the Fichier d'inscription des personnes assurées (FIPA) of the Régie de l'assurance maladie du Québec.
125. Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Lutte contre les changements climatiques. Days when the hourly concentrations of pollutants exceeded $35 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (three-hour moving average) for fine particles or 82 parts per billion for ozone for at least three consecutive hours.
126. Statistics Canada, *Labour Force Survey*, special compilation. Adapted by the Institut de la statistique du Québec. Population aged 25 to 64.
127. Institut de la statistique du Québec.

128. Institut de la statistique du Québec, *Enquête sur les projets d'investissement au Québec*, using data from the Ministère des Affaires municipales et de l'Habitation, the Commission de la construction du Québec, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, and the Ministère de la Santé et des Services sociaux; Statistics Canada, *Annual Capital and Repair Expenditures Survey, Building Permits Survey and Census of Agriculture*. Adapted by the Institut de la statistique du Québec. 2018: intentions.
129. Institut de la statistique du Québec, Statistics Canada, Ministère des Affaires municipales et de l'Habitation, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, and Revenu Québec. The Québec total is from Statistics Canada, *Table 379-0030 – Gross Domestic Product by Industry*, CANSIM, November 2017.
130. Data for the Mauricie and Centre-du-Québec regions.
131. Data for the Côte-Nord and Nord-du-Québec regions.



Québec Handy Numbers, 2019 Edition was produced by the Institut de la statistique du Québec in collaboration with over 50 experts in statistics.

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