

Table 1

Journey to work of employed persons¹, in the equivalent territories² of the Nord-du-Québec, 2006

Place of residence	Place of work			Employed persons ³	Jobs ⁴	Employment balance ⁵
	Nord-du-Québec		Outside the region			
	Jamésie	Kativik				
			n			
Nord-du-Québec	10,900	3,365	315	14,580	17,280	2,700
Jamésie	10,880	60	305	11,245	13,300	2,055
Kativik	20	3,305	10	3,335	3,980	645

1. Includes persons who held paid employment or were self-employed during the week preceding the census. However, workers without any fixed workplace address are not taken into account in the table. The data on employed persons were compiled based on usual place of residence.

2. According to the geographic divisions in force on December 31, 2006.

3. Refers to the total number of persons residing in an ET of the Nord-du-Québec and who hold employment in or outside it.

4. Refers to the persons who work in the ET, wherever their place of residence.

5. Refers to the result obtained by subtracting the number of employed persons in an ET from the number of jobs therein. A negative result means that the ET is a net exporter of manpower. However a positive result means that the ET is a net importer of manpower.

Source: Statistics Canada, 2006 Population Census.

Compilation: Institut de la statistique du Québec, Direction des statistiques économiques et du développement durable.

Table 2

Journey to work of employed persons¹, in percentage, in the equivalent territories² of the Nord-du-Québec, 2006

		Place of work			Rate of coverage ³
		Nord-du-Québec		Outside the region	
		Jamésie	Kativik		
		%			
Place of residence	Nord-du-Québec	74.8	23.1	2.2	82.6
	Jamésie	96.8	0.5	2.7	81.8
	Kativik	0.6	99.1	0.3	83.0

1. Includes persons who held paid employment or who were self-employed during the week preceding the census. However, workers without any fixed workplace address are not taken into account in the table. The data on employed persons were compiled based on usual place of residence.

2. According to the geographic divisions in force on December 31, 2006.

3. Refers to the result obtained by dividing the number of employed persons who live and work in a given ET by the number of jobs available in that same ET.

Source: Statistics Canada, 2006 Population Census.

Compilation: Institut de la statistique du Québec, Direction des statistiques économiques et du développement durable.