

Table 1

Journey to work of employed persons¹ in the administrative regions² of Québec, 2006

Place of residence	Place of work																								Employed persons ³	Jobs ⁴	Employment balance ⁵
	All of Québec																	Outside the province									
	Bas-Saint-Laurent	Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean	Capitale-Nationale	Mauricie	Estrie	Montréal	Outaouais	Abitibi-Témiscamingue	Côte-Nord	Nord-du-Québec	Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine	Chaudière-Appalaches	Laval	Lanaudière	Laurentides	Montréal	Centre-du-Québec	Ontario	New-Brunswick	British Columbia	Alberta	Other					
All of Québec	80,875	110,035	336,980	101,615	128,645	1,140,530	102,315	58,275	40,520	17,240	29,485	166,410	136,925	125,875	170,455	493,000	101,730	63,390	1,140	535	670	520	3,407,165	3,366,805	-40,360		
Bas-Saint-Laurent	78,185	65	735	50	80	275	20	10	370	155	195	760	40	85	30	155	40	50	270	-	20	20	81,610	80,955	-655		
Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean	50	108,500	610	285	40	315	45	30	175	585	10	75	35	25	75	115	60	100	10	10	20	20	111,190	110,095	-1,095		
Capitale-Nationale	315	370	299,560	690	245	1,485	60	70	180	175	165	10,680	150	75	135	535	335	355	30	130	90	40	315,870	337,295	21,425		
Mauricie	70	125	855	95,410	105	1,160	30	40	10	80	20	235	95	755	170	500	5,295	80	-	20	30	20	105,105	101,625	-3,480		
Estrie	90	70	315	140	123,625	1,505	45	30	50	60	20	1,045	75	65	60	2,915	1,680	120	10	20	50	10	132,000	128,745	-3,255		
Montréal	55	95	670	360	460	758,100	295	110	45	255	75	190	20,490	5,055	5,970	26,050	310	2,340	100	195	160	150	821,530	1,144,770	323,240		
Outaouais	30	35	150	40	50	620	100,780	100	-	70	-	-	55	80	490	235	-	56,430	-	20	35	70	159,290	120,720	-38,570		
Abitibi-Témiscamingue	25	30	130	65	20	240	45	57,260	-	1,085	-	10	20	-	70	90	20	490	-	-	10	20	59,630	58,760	-870		
Côte-Nord	145	85	190	35	20	115	-	10	39,290	40	40	55	20	-	-	50	-	50	-	-	-	20	40,165	40,600	435		
Nord-du-Québec	-	40	40	-	10	-	-	175	-	14,265	-	10	-	-	-	20	-	20	-	-	-	-	14,580	17,280	2,700		
Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine	335	-	195	10	40	190	10	20	130	55	28,840	170	20	35	110	70	10	20	505	-	20	20	30,805	29,710	-1,095		
Chaudière-Appalaches	1,005	115	31,300	365	755	665	55	20	90	105	60	151,460	205	195	90	535	1,050	135	55	15	40	40	188,355	166,550	-21,805		
Laval	-	30	135	50	40	86,005	45	-	20	-	10	74,585	2,455	7,050	3,035	25	250	15	20	50	20	173,850	137,030	-36,820			
Lanaudière	30	50	195	690	40	56,780	50	20	10	100	10	70	12,850	110,815	7,085	4,055	125	195	30	-	-	-	193,200	126,010	-67,190		
Laurentides	75	80	355	225	70	50,770	610	165	50	45	10	160	24,510	4,940	147,495	2,235	70	1,460	30	10	45	-	233,410	171,005	-62,405		
Montréal	335	295	900	460	1,745	181,455	155	125	40	125	20	550	3,675	1,165	1,580	449,505	1,645	1,270	75	75	90	60	645,345	493,895	-151,450		
Centre-du-Québec	130	50	645	2,740	1,300	850	70	90	60	40	10	930	100	130	45	2,900	91,065	25	10	20	10	101,230	101,760	530			

1. Includes persons who held paid employment or were self-employed during the week preceding the census. However, workers without any fixed workplace address are not taken into account in the table. The data on employed persons were compiled based on usual place of residence.

2. According to the geographic divisions in force on December 31, 2006.

3. Refers to the total number of persons residing in an administrative region of the Québec and who hold employment in or outside it.

4. Refers to the persons who work in the administrative region, wherever their place of residence.

5. Refers to the result obtained by subtracting the number of employed persons in an administrative region from the number of jobs therein. A negative result means that administrative region is a net exporter of manpower. However a positive result means that the administrative region is a net importer of manpower.

Source: Statistics Canada, 2006 Population Census.

Compilation: Institut de la statistique du Québec, Direction des statistiques économiques et du développement durable.

Table 2

Journey to work of employed persons¹, in percentage, in the administrative regions² of Québec, 2006

Place of residence	Place of work																							Rate of coverage ³
	All of Québec																	Outside the province						
	Bas-Saint-Laurent	Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean	Capitale-Nationale	Mauricie	Estrie	Montréal	Outaouais	Abitibi-Témiscamingue	Côte-Nord	Nord-du-Québec	Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine	Chaudière-Appalaches	Laval	Lanaudière	Laurentides	Montérégie	Centre-du-Québec	Ontario	New-Brunswick	British Columbia	Alberta	Other		
	%																							
All of Québec	2.4	3.2	9.9	3.0	3.8	33.5	3.0	1.7	1.2	0.5	0.9	4.9	4.0	3.7	5.0	14.5	3.0	1.9	-	-	-	-	99.2	
Bas-Saint-Laurent	95.8	0.1	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.3	-	-	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.9	-	0.1	-	0.2	-	0.1	0.3	-	-	-	-	96.6
Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean	-	97.6	0.5	0.3	-	0.3	-	-	0.2	0.5	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	98.6
Capitale-Nationale	0.1	0.1	94.8	0.2	0.1	0.5	-	-	0.1	0.1	0.1	3.4	-	-	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	88.8
Mauricie	0.1	0.1	0.8	90.8	0.1	1.1	-	-	-	0.1	-	0.2	0.1	0.7	0.2	0.5	5.0	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	93.9
Estrie	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	93.7	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	0.1	-	-	2.2	1.3	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	96.0
Montréal	-	-	0.1	-	0.1	92.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.5	0.6	0.7	3.2	-	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	66.2
Outaouais	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.4	63.3	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.3	0.1	-	35.4	-	-	-	-	-	83.5
Abitibi-Témiscamingue	-	0.1	0.2	0.1	-	0.4	0.1	96.0	-	1.8	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.2	-	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	97.4
Côte-Nord	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.1	-	0.3	-	-	97.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	0.1	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	96.8
Nord-du-Québec	-	0.3	0.3	-	0.1	-	-	1.2	-	97.8	-	0.1	-	-	-	0.1	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	82.6
Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine	1.1	-	0.6	-	0.1	0.6	-	0.1	0.4	0.2	93.6	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.2	-	0.1	1.6	-	0.1	0.1	-	97.1
Chaudière-Appalaches	0.5	0.1	16.6	0.2	0.4	0.4	-	-	-	0.1	-	80.4	0.1	0.1	-	0.3	0.6	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	90.9
Laval	-	-	0.1	-	-	49.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	42.9	1.4	4.1	1.7	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	54.4
Lanaudière	-	-	0.1	0.4	-	29.4	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	6.7	57.4	3.7	2.1	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	87.9
Laurentides	-	-	0.2	0.1	-	21.8	0.3	0.1	-	-	-	0.1	10.5	2.1	63.2	1.0	-	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	86.3
Montérégie	0.1	-	0.1	0.1	0.3	28.1	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.6	0.2	0.2	69.7	0.3	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	91.0
Centre-du-Québec	0.1	-	0.6	2.7	1.3	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	-	0.9	0.1	0.1	-	2.9	90.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	89.5

1. Includes persons who held paid employment or who were self-employed during the week preceding the census. However, workers without any fixed workplace address are not taken into account in the table.

The data on employed persons were compiled based on usual place of residence.

2. According to the geographic divisions in force on December 31, 2006.

3. Refers to the result obtained by dividing the number of employed persons who live and work in a given administrative region by the number of jobs available in that same administrative region

Source: Statistics Canada, 2006 Population Census.

Compilation: Institut de la statistique du Québec, Direction des statistiques économiques et du développement durable.